

DO GUNS COMMIT CRIMES?

**Will strict controls or confiscation
of guns stop crimes?**

If the Minutemen of Lexington and Concord - 200 years ago - had registered their guns with King George, we would probably all still be British subjects.

Gun registration is the goal of tyrants, would-be tyrants, and many well-meaning idealists who have been beguiled by specious "liberal" arguments. Will gun registration reduce crime? On the contrary, crime statistics are higher in cities and states with gun registration laws than those without them. Crime-ridden New York City has one of the nation's most stringent anti-gun laws.

Hitler decreed gun registration just a few years before the Nazis confiscated the registered guns. Gun registration made Germany safer for the Nazis. Registration of guns in this country would merely be the prelude to confiscation, as the more ardent gun control advocates frankly admit.

Would a felon willing to commit armed robbery hesitate to own or use an unregistered gun? As the slogan says, "When guns are outlawed, only outlaws will have guns."

The Second Amendment of the Bill of Rights of the United States' Constitution guarantees all citizens the right "to keep and bear arms." The AMERICAN PARTY opposes any compromise of that constitutional right. It's Republicans and Democrats who push gun control laws at us.

It is time to get serious about protecting your right to keep your guns. It is time to support those who stand with you---and to kick the rascals out who stand against you!



Help the party of patriots---

the Party that says "STICK TO YOUR GUNS!"

THE AMERICAN PARTY

MONEY TALKS---SAY SOMETHING!

Like a few choice words to the corrupt politicians of both major parties?

Help us send them a message, LOUD AND CLEAR! Don't just be a voice from the crowd. Join the rooting section with a big boo for the political hacks and a rafter-raising cheer for the home team.

The American Party needs money and manpower to get the message out to other hard-working, God-fearing, loyal citizens who don't yet realize that they can vote for somebody from now on instead of just picking the lesser of two evils.

We don't have any fat cats---just a bunch of tigers.

YES! I'd like to help KICK the rascals out!
Here's \$_____ to carry on the fight against corruption, high taxes, inflation and big government.

I'd like to know what I can do in other ways, too.
Let me know how I can help! ☐

NAME _____

STREET ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ ZIP CODE _____

Telephone Number _____

Please return to:

AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

P.O. BOX 7082

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

(Paid for by Kentucky American Party '75 Campaign, P.O. BOX 7082, Lexington, Ky. 40502, Ed Parker, Pres.)

The American Party Of Kentucky
P.O. Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky 40502

HAD ENOUGH?

...of the Democrats and Republicans



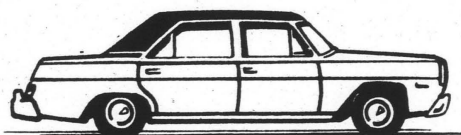
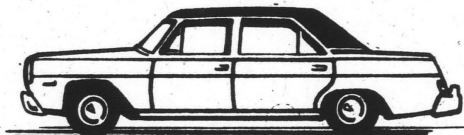
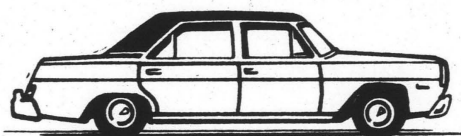
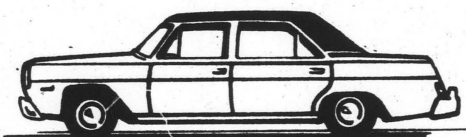
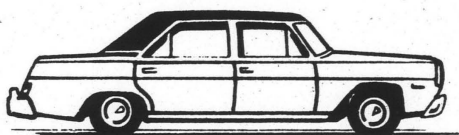
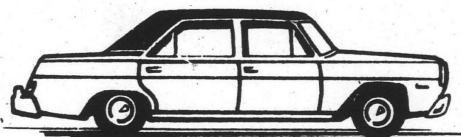
Then it's time
you switched to



THE
**AMERICAN
PARTY**



Do You Think All Cars Should Be The Same Make, Style, And Price?



The thought probably never occurred to you. You can choose from dozens of makes, many styles and colors in each, and several price ranges. You can usually even choose among several dealers of the same make. And why not? Same with clothes, houses, food, TV sets, and nearly everything else.

Nearly everything, but not quite. Not your children's school. That's run in varying degrees by the local, state, and federal governments. There's only one make and one style. There's also only one price range — high taxes. You don't have any choice of school building, faculty, curriculum, hours, or location. It's all decided for you by people who can't possibly have as personal an interest in your child as you do.

It doesn't have to be this way. There could be a wide variety of schools from which you could choose, as you do for cars and the other things you buy. This is the way it would become under a voucher system: you would receive for each of your children a voucher for the per capita school expenditure, redeemable at the school of your choice. If you like your neighborhood school — fine, take your child there and pay his tuition with the voucher.⁵ If you like some other school better, the customer is always right. If you have champagne tastes, you provide any difference in costs. But you choose from what is available, and the selection is bound to be wider. No problem with busing, questionable textbooks, student discipline, or academic standards. You choose the best you can afford, just as in everything else.

The AMERICAN PARTY favors the voucher system. The Republicans and Democrats don't think the choice should be left to you.

VOTE AMERICAN!

YOU CAN'T DO WRONG DOIN' RIGHT!

THE AMERICAN PARTY

MONEY TALKS - SAY SOMETHING

Like a few choice words to the corrupt politicians of both major parties?

Help us send them a message, **LOUD AND CLEAR!**

Don't just be a voice from the crowd. Join the rooting section with a big boo for the political hacks and a rafter-raising cheer for the home team.

The American Party needs money and manpower to get the message out to other hard-working, God-fearing, loyal citizens who don't yet realize that they can vote for somebody from now on instead of just picking the lesser of two evils.

We don't have any fat cats — just a bunch of tigers.

YES! I'd like to help **KICK** the rascals out!
Here's \$ _____ to carry on the fight against corruption, high taxes, inflation and big government.

I'd like to know what I can do in other ways, too. Let me know how I can help! _____

NAME _____

STREET ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ ZIP CODE _____

Telephone Number _____

Please return to:

AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
P.O. BOX 7082
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

(Paid for by Kentucky American Party '76 Campaign,
P.O. Box 7082, Lexington, Ky. 40502, H. Crawford,
Treas.)

AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
P.O. BOX 7082
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

To:

HAD ENOUGH?

... of the Democrats and Republicans?



Then it's time
You switched to



THE AMERICAN PARTY



AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
P.O. Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky, 40502

BULK RATE
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
Lexington, Ky.
Permit No. 298

Should the Police and Fire Departments Have Racial Quotas ?

A federal judge has decreed that the Oakland, California, Police Department must have 34.5 per cent blacks, 9.8 per cent of Spanish surname, 8.5 per cent of Asian, Indian and other minorities. Another federal judge has required that the first 160 persons hired by the Chicago Fire Department after March 15, 1973 must be black or of Spanish surname.

The Justice Department is seeking to impose similar quotas in many other cities. The Labor Department is pressuring quotas on unions. Federal Judge Damon Keith ordered Detroit Edison to pay black workers a penalty of \$4,000,000, the method of distribution to be determined by black Judge Keith. Federal Judge John Feikens has ruled that minority workers cannot be fired for incompetence.

The Civil Rights Act forbids discrimination on the basis of race, sex, age, language, religion, or national origin. Yet federal Judge Albert Bryan, Jr., has ruled that "all-black academies, all-Chinese schools, all-rabbinical schools" are permissible because Civil Rights laws prohibit only "racial discrimination against nonwhites"!

The College of Law at the University of Washington has lower standards for minorities than for whites. The College of Law at the University of Kentucky has spent tax funds to recruit black students and then sought funds for remedial courses in reading and writing for "blacks and other law students who are marginally qualified"! Meanwhile, well-qualified students are turned away because they are not members of a minority.

The American Party opposes discrimination on the basis of race, sex, language, religion, or national origin. Will you help us put an end to discrimination in Kentucky?



YOU DO HAVE A CHOICE!

VOTE AMERICAN

THE NEXT TIME AROUND!

MONEY TALKS - SAY SOMETHING

Like a few choice words to the corrupt politicians of both major parties?

Help us send them a message, **LOUD AND CLEAR!**

Don't just be a voice from the crowd. Join the rooting section with a big boo for the political hacks and a rafter-raising cheer for the home team.

The American Party needs money and manpower to get the message out to other hard-working, God-fearing, loyal citizens who don't yet realize that they can vote for somebody from now on instead of just picking the lesser of two evils.

We don't have any fat cats — just a bunch of tigers.

YES! I'd like to help **KICK** the rascals out!
Here's \$ _____ to carry on the fight against corruption, high taxes, inflation and big government.

I'd like to know what I can do in other ways, too. Let me know how I can help! _____

NAME _____
STREET ADDRESS _____
CITY _____ ZIP CODE _____
Telephone Number _____

Please return to:
AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
P.O. BOX 7082
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

(Paid for by Kentucky American Party '75 Campaign,
P.O. Box 7082, Lexington, Ky. 40502, Ed Parker, Treas.)

The American Party of Kentucky
P.O. Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky 40502

HAD ENOUGH?

... of the Democrats and Republicans?



Then it's time
You switched to



THE AMERICAN PARTY



Will The REAL Bigot Please Stand Up?

Is it the parent who wants his child to go to the neighborhood school? Or is it Judge Gordon who orders school children bused across the county?

Is it a parent who doesn't want his child riding a bus many hours a week? Or is it Sen. Kennedy (Dem.), who lectures parents in Boston on the advantages of busing and sends his children to private schools?

Is it a mother who objects to sending her child into a neighborhood where she herself is afraid to drive? Or is it Judge Merhige who says that "Anyone should give his children the very best education he can afford" and sends his son to private school?

Is it a father who is outraged at having his children sent to a distant school where they may be assaulted because they are white? Or is it Rep. Donald Fraser (Rep.) who took his daughter out of the Washington public schools and put her in the Georgetown Day School because the children there are "much nicer"?

Is it the parent from South Boston who said "The law is wrong; the government is wrong. I'm sick and tired of being pushed around"? Or is it Sen. Stevenson (Dem.) who won't send his children to public schools because they "are not very good and I just didn't want to sacrifice the education of my kids"?



FORCED BUSING IS IMMORAL!

That's why the AMERICAN PARTY opposes forced busing. Next time elect AMERICAN PARTY candidates. They'll stop forced busing because ...

IT'S WRONG!

VOTE AMERICAN — THE AMERICAN PARTY

MONEY TALKS - SAY SOMETHING

Like a few choice words to the corrupt politicians of both major parties?

Help us send them a message, **LOUD AND CLEAR!**

Don't just be a voice from the crowd. Join the rooting section with a big boo for the political hacks and a rafter-raising cheer for the home team.

The American Party needs money and manpower to get the message out to other hard-working, God-fearing, loyal citizens who don't yet realize that they can vote for somebody from now on instead of just picking the lesser of two evils.

We don't have any fat cats — just a bunch of tigers.

YES! I'd like to help **KICK** the rascals out!

Here's \$ _____ to carry on the fight against corruption, high taxes, inflation and big government.

I'd like to know what I can do in other ways, too. Let me know how I can help! _____

NAME _____

STREET ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ ZIP CODE _____

Telephone Number _____

Please return to:

AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
P.O. BOX 7082
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

(Paid for by Kentucky American Party '76 Campaign,
P.O. Box 7082, Lexington, Ky. 40502, H. Crawford,
Treas.)

✓ **AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY**
P.O. BOX 7082
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

To:

HAD ENOUGH?

... of the Democrats and Republicans?



Then it's time

You switched to



THE AMERICAN PARTY



AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
P.O. Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky, 40502

BULK RATE
U.S. POSTAGE
PAID
Lexington, Ky.
Permit No. 298

Would you make your child read pornography?

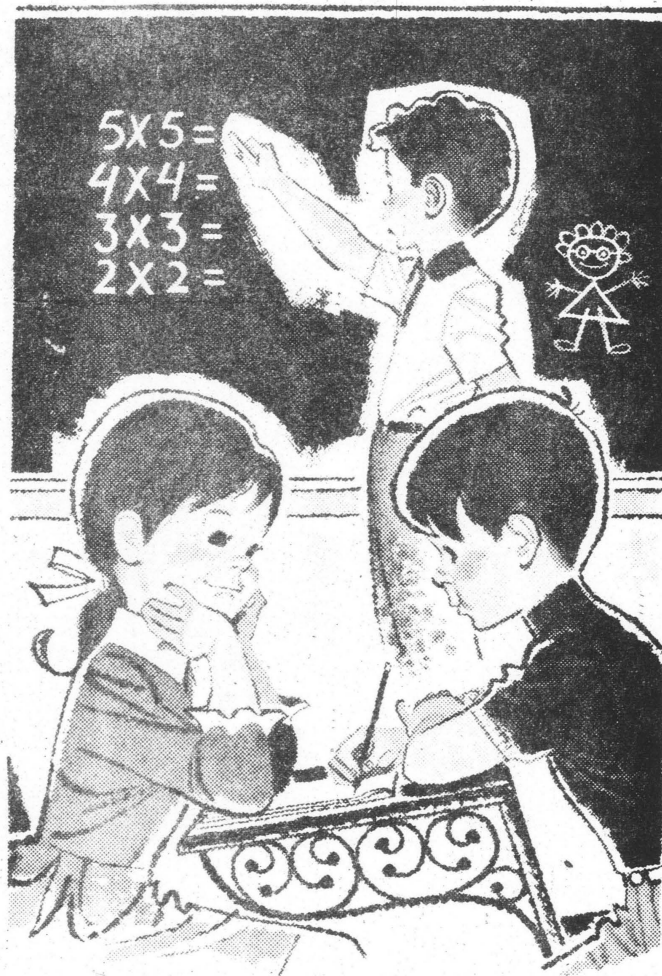
ABSOLUTELY NOT! You wouldn't let a member of the School Board require your child to read pornography either, would you? The same goes for the State Superintendent of Public Instruction. Yet school textbooks have been approved, and in some school systems have been adopted, which contain profane language, blasphemy, and lewdness. Courses required in some school systems offend students' and parents' right to privacy, their personal religious beliefs, their moral convictions, and their patriotic sentiments.

If a newspaper wouldn't print it, if a TV station couldn't show it, if a radio broadcaster couldn't repeat it, why should your children have to get it in school? We both know that they shouldn't be getting those things anywhere.

BUT THEY ARE....along with their daily lessons in the "Glories of Liberalism!"

And you are paying out of your hard earned money to finance this destruction of the morals of your children!

So what can you do about it? It's a cinch that the Republicans and Democrats who have run the School Boards and Departments of Education and Teachers' Colleges haven't done anything about it. The ONLY political party to put itself on record against these things is the AMERICAN PARTY. So if you want action in getting filth out of the schools and schoolbooks, give your support to the AMERICAN PARTY and your vote to AMERICAN PARTY candidates.



YOU DO HAVE A CHOICE!

USE IT!

Vote For The American Party

MONEY TALKS---SAY SOMETHING!

Like a few choice words to the corrupt politicians of both major parties?

Help us send them a message, **LOUD AND CLEAR!**

Don't just be a voice from the crowd. Join the rooting section with a big boo for the political hacks and a rafter-raising cheer for the home team.

The American Party needs money and manpower to get the message out to other hard-working, God-fearing, loyal citizens who don't yet realize that they can vote for somebody from now on instead of just picking the lesser of two evils.

We don't have any fat cats---just a bunch of tigers.

YES! I'd like to help KICK the rascals out!

Here's \$_____ to carry on the fight against corruption, high taxes, inflation and big government.

I'd like to know what I can do in other ways, too.
Let me know how I can help! ☐

NAME _____

STREET ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ ZIP CODE _____

Telephone Number: _____

Please return to:

AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

P.O. BOX 7082

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

(Paid for by Kentucky American Party '75 Campaign, P.O. BOX 7082,
Lexington, Ky. 40502, Ed Parker, Tres.)

The American Party Of Kentucky
P.O. Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky 40502

To:

HAD ENOUGH?

...of the Democrats and Republicans



Then it's time

you switched to



THE **AMERICAN
PARTY**



WOULD YOU TRY TO OUT-SPEND A COUNTERFEITER?

You earn your money, he prints his. So you can't win for losing. It's the same with matching federal funds. The state government gets its funds the hard way — from taxes. The federal government gets what it can the same way, but doesn't stop there; it prints the rest. For the coming two years, that's upwards of \$100 billion. Matching funds don't strain Uncle Sugar the way they do state and local governments, and federal deficit sharing is the basic cause of inflation.

Federal funds also come with strings attached; it would be irresponsible just to give the money away (unless, they say, it's foreign aid). So schools with federal funds must not only desegregate, they must bus and integrate. States that take federal money for highways must institute car inspection programs. Businesses that accept federal contracts must observe federal hiring quotas. Cities that take federal funding for sewers must slap on a sewer tax. Colleges that take federal grants must have a certain proportion of women and blacks on their faculties and in their student bodies.

You can quickly go broke trying to match those printing-press dollars. You can also lose control of your schools, your businesses, your local and state governments. So let's make government the servant of the people, not its master. Help the AMERICAN PARTY put a stop to federal "revenue sharing" — at both ends of the trough, state and national.



YOU DO HAVE A CHOICE!

Vote FOR THE American Party

MONEY TALKS - SAY SOMETHING

Like a few choice words to the corrupt politicians of both major parties?

Help us send them a message, **LOUD AND CLEAR!**

Don't just be a voice from the crowd. Join the rooting section with a big boo for the political hacks and a rafter-raising cheer for the home team.

The American Party needs money and manpower to get the message out to other hard-working, God-fearing, loyal citizens who don't yet realize that they can vote for somebody from now on instead of just picking the lesser of two evils.

We don't have any fat cats — just a bunch of tigers.

YES! I'd like to help **KICK** the rascals out!

Here's \$ _____ to carry on the fight against corruption, high taxes, inflation and big government.

I'd like to know what I can do in other ways, too. Let me know how I can help! _____

NAME _____

STREET ADDRESS _____

CITY _____ ZIP CODE _____

Telephone Number _____

Please return to:

AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
P.O. BOX 7082
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

(Paid for by Kentucky American Party '75 Campaign,
P.O. Box 7082, Lexington, Ky. 40502, Ed Parker, Treas.)

The American Party of Kentucky
P.O. Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky 40502

HAD ENOUGH?

... of the Democrats and Republicans?



Then it's time
You switched to



THE AMERICAN PARTY



THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN

THE OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

VOL 6, NO. 1

FEBRUARY — MARCH 1977

25 CENTS

WHAT TWO PARTY SYSTEM?

The House of Representatives of the Kentucky Legislature has 100 seats. All members were last elected in November, 1975. Of the 100 representatives, 46 had no opponent in the general election! One other was opposed only by an American Party candidate. Only a handful among the 46 even had an opponent in the May primary. Of the 19 Senate districts in which there were races, the candidates were unopposed in eight (just over 42 percent). To put it bluntly, nearly half the members of the Kentucky House of Representatives and Senate "walked in"! Is this government of, by and for the people?

The American Party is deeply concerned that this state of affairs represents a condition of grave debility in the process of self-government. In 46 Kentucky House Districts and eight Senate Districts there was no one to raise the issues, no one to question policy, no loyal opposition. This should be viewed as a public disgrace. It is an invitation to tyranny and corruption. Elected officials, of whatever party, should be under continual public scrutiny. The policies and actions of the legislative branch of government should be monitored continuously by the citizen-taxpayer.

The record of service of every legislator should be subject to review at the end of each term. These fundamental civic duties are being shirked by 40 - 50 percent of the citizens of the Commonwealth. We should all be aghast.

The American Party would like to correct this unwholesome situation. The American Party of Kentucky is seeking qualified, dedicated candidates for the Kentucky House of Representatives and the Kentucky Senate. Will you help us find well - qualified, high-caliber men and women who are willing and able to sacrifice some time and effort for such a worthy cause? Your suggestions and recommendations are needed. Your name will be held in strict confidence if you so indicate.

The time is growing short, however. Once a candidate is found, we must circulate a petition to place his or her name on the ballot; each petition must be signed by no less than 100 registered voters in the candidate's district and filed with the Secretary of State before March 30, 1977. So if you'd like to volunteer, or if you know of someone who would, please send the necessary information to The American Party of Kentucky, Box 7082, Lexington, Kentucky 40502.

Thanks.

THE LIFE OF THE PARTY

2 Thomas J. Anderson of Tennessee, American Party Presidential candidate in 1976, was re-elected National Chairman of the American Party at the meeting of the National Committee on December 9-11, 1976, in Indianapolis. He and all other officers of the national party will serve two year terms and be eligible for re-election. Tom Anderson was the party's Vice Presidential candidate in 1972 and was first elected national chairman in December of that year.

Other officers elected at last December's meeting are: Vice Chairman, Rufus Shackelford of Florida. His Presidential candidate in 1976; Secretary, Mrs. Deanna Rider of California, former chairman in California and recent candidate for Congress; Treasurer, Vern Morse, chairman of the American Party in Michigan.

At-large members of the Executive Board are: Mrs. Lupe Barbere, chairman of the American Party of North Dakota; Percy L. Greaves, distinguished economist and author from New York; Al Leake, former chairman of the American Party of Georgia; Ben Robinson, former chairman of the American Party of Florida, presently National Committeeman from that state; and Hal Massey, chairman of the American Party of Utah.

The State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky held its regular monthly meeting on January 23, 1977, in Louisville. The meeting had been delayed one week because of adverse weather.

Mr. Anthony A. McCord of Lexington was elected Secretary to fill a vacancy created by the resignation of William P. Chambers of Louisville. Bill Chambers is assuming the post of Secretary - Treasurer of the American Party Third Congressional District. He was the American Party candidate for Congress in the Third District in 1976. His opponents will not soon forget their encounter with him on the TV panel discussion sponsored by the League of Women Voters. Tony McCord was the 1976 American Party candidate for Congress in the Sixth Congressional District and received the greatest number of votes ever cast for an American Party Congressional candidate in the Sixth District.

The American Party of Kentucky sent a full delegation of nine to the meeting of the National Committee of the American Party in Indianapolis. In attendance were: Ed Parker of Louisville, delegation chairman; Al Montgomery, Fairdale; Ed Hall, Louisville; Mrs. Anne Hembree, Mrs. June Porter (National Committeewoman), Mrs. Margaret Krogdahl and Anthony A. McCord of Lexington; Mrs. Virginia Neville, Park City; and Glenn Sunderland (National Committeeman), Salem. Also in attendance was Dr. W.S. Krogdahl of Lexington, recent National Secretary.

The next meeting of the National Committee of the American Party will be in Hot Springs, Arkansas, on May 26-28, 1977.

The State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky at its January meeting passed a resolution condemning Pres. Carter's pardon of draft evaders. The resolution stated:

"The American Party of Kentucky categorically condemns Pres. Carter's pardon of draft evaders. His action sets a pernicious precedent and is an affront to those patriotic young men who served their country in the armed forces. It adds bitterness to the sorrow of the families of the men who gave their lives for their country and of those who are still missing in action and unaccounted for."

The Honor Roll of those Kentucky counties whose American Party vote percentages last November were above average: Anderson, Ballard, Barren, Bell, Bourbon, Bracken, Bullitt, Caldwell, Carlisle, Daviess, Fayette, Franklin, Fulton, Garrard, Grant, Graves, Hancock, Hardin, Hickman, Jefferson, Jessamine, Livingston, Logan, Lyon, McCracken, Madison, Mercer, Nelson, Nicholas, Scott, Spencer, Todd, Washington and Woodford. Ballard, Hickman and McCracken Counties led the list.

Tom Anderson and Rufus Shackelford, American Party Presidential and Vice Presidential candidates, received 153,009 votes in 24 states according to official returns. In five of these states, the votes were write-ins. The American Party candidates bested the American Independent Party's Maddox and Dyke in nine of the eleven states where votes were cast for both.

PARTY CALENDAR

Sunday, February 20: State Central Committee, 1:30 p.m., Blue Boar Cafeteria, Eastland Shopping Center, Lexington.

Saturday, February 26: Sixth District American Party Breakfast, 8:30 a.m., Perkins Cake and Steak House, 729 South Limestone, Lexington.

Tuesday, March 1: Louisville - Jefferson County American Party. For particulars, call (502)-425-3619.

Sunday, March 20: State Central Committee, Louisville. For particulars, call (502)-425-3619.

Saturday, March 26: Sixth District American Party Breakfast, 8:30 a.m., Perkins Cake and Steak House, 729 South Limestone, Lexington.



Fred Kerestesy

MEET THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

As Vice Chairman of the American Party of the Sixth District, Fred Kerestesy serves on the State Central Committee. He has also been the party's candidate for Congress, in 1974.

Fred is a facilities engineer for International Business Machines at their typewriter plant in Lexington. A native of Pennsylvania, he received his degree in Electrical Engineering at Tri-State College of Angola, Indiana, after serving in the U.S. Navy as Aviation Electronics Technician aboard the carriers Forrestal and Independence.

Fred's hobbies include scouting, canoeing and fishing as well as singing in the choir of the Greek Orthodox Church.

Patriotism means to stand by the country.

It does not mean to stand by the President or any other public official save exactly to the degree in which he himself stands by the country.

It is patriotic to support him insofar as he efficiently serves the country. It is unpatriotic not to oppose him to the exact extent that by inefficiency or otherwise he fails in his duty to stand by the country.

In either event, it is unpatriotic not to tell the truth — whether about the President or anyone else — save in the rare cases where this would make known to the enemy information of military value which would otherwise be unknown to him.

— Theodore Roosevelt.

COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

Persons from outside Fayette County and even outside the Commonwealth of Kentucky are seeking to unionize the school teachers of Fayette County through the Fayette County Education Association and its attempts to wring a collective bargaining agreement from the Fayette County School Board. A recent news item in the Lexington Herald named the organizer sent to Lexington from the national headquarters of the National Education Association in Washington.

The FCEA press releases refer ingeniously to negotiating teacher conflicts or strikes. Even these statements serve as reminders of the consequences if the teachers' union's demands are not met. The experience nationwide with teachers' collective bargaining agreements has been that two results follow immediately: first, there is a sharp increase in the number of union members; and second, there is an even sharper increase in the number of strikes, notwithstanding that they are illegal.

In Delaware, for example, the Delaware State Education Association coordinated a statewide strike of school teachers in open defiance of the law. The strike closed two-thirds of the state's schools.

A collective bargaining agreement is a legal Pandora's box. It requires the School Board to bargain. At the same time, the National Labor Relations Board has ruled that even when an employer bargains in good faith, he commits an unfair labor practice if he refuses to make concessions to the union. It is dishonest to refer to such negotiations as bargaining. The proper term is "blackmail".

The Commentators
Radio Station WBLG
Lexington, Kentucky

The common and continual mischiefs of the spirit of party are sufficient to make it in the interest and (duty of a wise people to) discourage and restrain it. ...It opens the door to foreign influence and corruption, which finds a facilitated access to the government itself through the channels of party passions. Thus the policy and the will of one country are subjected to the policy and will of another.

— George Washington

I never submitted the whole system of my opinions to the creed of any party of men whatever in religion, in philosophy, in politics or in anything else, where I was capable of thinking for myself. Such an addiction is the last degradation of a free and moral agent. If I could not go to heaven but with a party, I would not go at all.

— Thomas Jefferson

Stand with anybody that stands right. Stand with him while he is right and part with him when he goes wrong.

— Abraham Lincoln

Did you consent to give the welfare chiselers, forced Republican and Democrat parties \$44 million of your money and mine? They're taking it anyway. Did you volunteer to pay \$10-\$20 a week to the Kennedy, Johnson, Nixon and Ford administrations? They took it from you by inflation. That's on top of the \$15-\$30 you pay to the Internal Revenue Service every week. Add it up! The Republicans and Democrats charge you \$25-\$50 a week to pay for corruption, can!

ISSUES ANYONE?

What are some of the issues with which the next state legislature will have to deal? As the American Party of Kentucky sees it, some of the most important are: the continued forced busing of school children in Jefferson County; the drive to force unionization of public employees by collective bargaining agreements with school districts (as in Lexington) and municipal governments; the efforts to rescind Kentucky's ratification of the so-called Equal Rights Amendment; a reduction of taxes already too high; and the attempt to foist state and federal zoning restrictions on Kentucky property owners in the guise of land use laws. There are many other concerns of importance, to be sure. We believe, however, that these top the list.

Unlike the Republicans and Democrats, we of the American Party make no bones about where we stand on the issues. We're for more than just motherhood and apple pie and against privileges to pressure groups. We believe there really is a right and wrong side, a wise and an unwise side. We therefore offer the following limited platform for Kentucky, consisting of the respective planks from our national campaign platform of 1976. A free copy of the complete platform of the American Party of the United States may be obtained by writing to The American-Party of Kentucky, Box 7082, Lexington, Kentucky 40502.

EDUCATION: The present crisis in education must be solved in stages and at several levels. First, so that no parents need defy the law by refusing to send their children to schools of which they disapprove, compulsory attendance laws should be repealed. Second, the control of schools should be returned to the local system by Congressional limitation of the jurisdiction of federal courts and by an end to busing for racial balance. Third, the federal government should be eliminated entirely from interference in local schools by putting an end to federal aid with its inevitable guidelines.

We oppose any federal prohibition of voluntary non-denominational prayers in the public schools.

LABOR: The right of workers to form and join unions to promote their specific interests has in many instances been largely nullified by undemocratic and strong-arm methods resorted to by labor bosses. The law should give control of local unions to local members and guarantee the full exercise of that control. Union dues and membership must be entirely voluntary.

Government workers hold their jobs as a privilege, not a right, and essential government services cannot be interrupted by strikes or threats of strikes by public employees. Collective bargaining for public employees must therefore be made illegal.

(con't. pg. 7)

JOBS FOR ALL

by Percy L. Greaves, Jr.

Life is an unfinished series of wanting things. From the day we are born to the day we die, we want things we don't have. If we didn't, we wouldn't be normal human beings. We would have no reason to eat, work, or get married. All life is a struggle to satisfy more of our wants.

As our society is organized, the normal way to get more of what we want is to take a job. Then we can use the dollars we earn to buy more of the things we want for ourselves and our loved ones. Without a job, or a business of our own, we would all have to grow our own food and make our own clothes as well as anything else we wanted. Taking a job where we can use tools supplied by savers is the easiest way for most of us to satisfy more of our wants.

So most men want a job. To be without a job is most depressing. Continued unemployment, through no fault of one's own, is probably the darkest future any man can face. Such longtime mass unemployment is one of the great curses of our age.

The human misery, degradation, and moral temptation are not all. Besides these setbacks to the human spirit, there is the great unseen loss of the wealth the idle might have produced if they had been employed. This loss is shared by all. In a market economy every dollar holder can buy a share of the total wealth offered for sale. The greater the wealth produced and offered for sale, the more anyone can buy with each of his dollars. So we all have a stake in reducing unemployment and encouraging the production of more of the things men want most.

Yet millions of able and willing men have recently remained unemployed for months on end. What is the answer?

Let's use our heads. When we want to sell something, we sell it to the highest bidder. He buys it for the lowest price he can. That is what happens at auctions every day. It happens at the corn and cotton markets as well as the stock exchanges. Even the grocer with perishable fruits and vegetables reduces his prices until a highest bidder buys them.

That way, the seller gets the highest anyone is willing to pay, while the buyer pays the lowest price any seller will freely accept. Both buyer and seller get the highest possible satisfaction from every transaction. That is the way of the free market.

There is no reason why these same free market principles can't be applied to the services of working men. It would be

very simple, requiring only two things. First, let every job seeker choose that job which offers him what he considers the best returns he can get for the services he has to sell. Second, let every prospective employer choose those job seekers who offer what he considers the best services he can get for the wages he can pay. Competition would soon see to it that no one was paid too much or too little.

Of course, such a simple solution would put an end to all privileges for those now overpaid. No union would then be able to hold up employers and consumers for more than they need pay in a free and competitive market. By forcing some wages above free market rates, some unions now get higher wages for their members than such workers would receive in a free society. But these forced higher wages for some mean that others must accept lower wages or unemployment (unless the government resorts to inflation). These lower wages and unemployment (as well as this pressure for inflation) would disappear if every man, including the unemployed, were free to compete for every job. As long as some of men's wants remain unsatisfied, there will be enough jobs to go around.

A free job market would provide "full employment" and greater production of the things men want most. Competition might drive down some dollar wage rates, but living standards would have to be higher. With more goods and services competing for every dollar, prices would be lower and everyone with a dollar would be entitled to a share of the increased production. Those now overpaid might temporarily suffer, but in the long run we would all be able to satisfy more of our wants.

With a free market in jobs, every man would be free to take the best offer available. Every employer would also be free to hire the applicants that pleased him most. No one would remain long unemployed. There would be jobs for all, more wealth produced, and a greater satisfaction of everyone's wants. What is more, the economic loss and dread of unemployment would evaporate.

(Reprinted from The Freeman, February, 1959, by permission. Percy L. Greaves, Jr., is a distinguished writer, lecturer and economist. He is the author of "Understanding the Dollar Crisis" and currently serves on the national American Party Executive Board and the American Party Speakers Bureau.)

Name _____
(Please print)

Street Address _____

City _____ State _____

Zip _____ Phone _____

I would also like to help
☐ At the polls ☐ Organize

☐ Telephone ☐ Canvas

☐ Type ☐ Clerical

I think these friends would like to become acquainted with the American Party, its principles and its candidates.

Name _____
(Please print)

Street Address _____

City _____ State _____

Zip _____

Name _____
(Please print)

Street Address _____

City _____ State _____

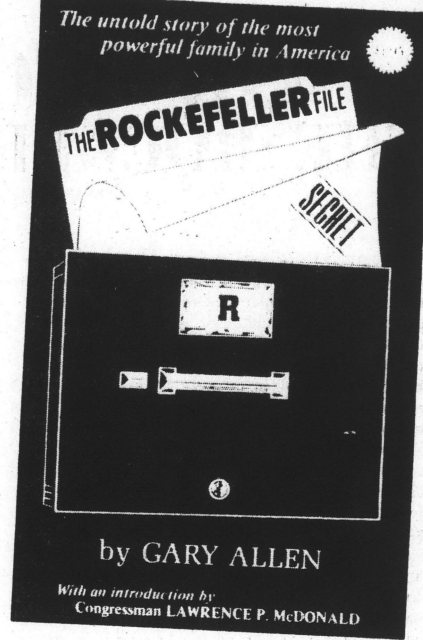
Zip _____

Return to: THE AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY,
 Box 7082,
 Lexington, Kentucky 40502.

by Gary Allen

**\$1 SPECIAL
OFFER \$1**

**A penetrating
exposé
destined
to become
a national
bestseller**



"I wish that every American of voting age would read *The Rockefeller File* before the next year's primaries and general elections.

"I believe *The Rockefeller File* can create a tidal wave of indignation which could wash the Rockefeller influence out of Washington."

— **Lawrence P. McDonald**
Member of Congress

Here is the *real* story of America's royal family of finance — how the Rockefellers acquired their massive fortune, how they have used every legal loophole to protect it, and how they are using their power and influence to gain even more control.

order from

**AMERICAN OPINION
BOOKSTORE**

P.O. Box 7075
Lexington, Kentucky 40502

"THE ROCKEFELLER FILE"

"THE ROCKEFELLER FILE" by Gary Allen (1976, '76 Press, 195 pages, with an Introduction by Dr. Lawrence P. McDonald, Member of Congress from the Seventh District of Georgia.)

The late Alfred Kohlberg, a great conservative anti-communist before his time, once said: "If we told more than 15 percent of the truth, nobody would believe us." If you are one of the doubters to whom Mr. Kohlberg was referring, you may decide to limit yourself to 15 percent of this book. Even that much of the truth about the clan Rockefeller, however, should suffice to stand your hair on end, curdle your blood, turn your stomach and raise your blood pressure.

No part of the information in "The Rockefeller File" comes from clandestine sources; it is all from the public record. It just never got put together quite as Gary Allen does it in this compendium. Read Chapter One and ask yourself how Nelson Rockefeller could convince an honest Senate that he could serve as Vice President of the United States without conflict of interest. Read Chapter Two and ask yourself if the Rockefellers really favor free enterprise capitalism. Read Chapter Three and learn that Rockefeller banks control 14 percent of the nation's trust department assets.

Read Chapter Four and see how Rockefeller wealth guides America's intellectual, religious and social life with philanthropic lead-strings which give the Rockefellers even greater wealth and power. Chapter Five focuses on the Council on Foreign Relations, the Rockefeller State Department which staffs the U.S. State Department and to which the U.S. State Department is an appendage. The CFR shields itself from public scrutiny by tight control of all the major news media (Chapter Six). The CFR, whose chairman is David Rockefeller, works tirelessly to submerge America into a socialist global government, where control will devolve upon the Rockefellers and their trusted lieutenants (Chapter Seven). If America is sufficiently disarmed by stealth (Chapter Eight), we may not be able to refuse the terms offered by the world's premier socialist state — the Soviet Union, rescued again and again by economic, industrial and political succor tendered by the Rockefellers and their Croesus cohorts of high finance (Chapter Nine).

You won't stand for such nonsense, you say? By the time the CFR's Kissingers, Brzezinskis and Rockefellers finish setting up international commissions to control global production and rationing of food, fuel, energy, money, news, housing, transportation and whatever else they

consider important, they will control birth, death and everything in between, including you (Chapters Ten and Eleven).

If you've toughed it out through the first eleven chapters, let Chapter Twelve sketch for you the growth and development of this Rockefeller Frankenstein from the latter nineteenth century to the present. After you tell yourself that it can't really be that bad, that Gary Allen has artfully built a super-bogeyman by purposeful selection of evidence and by special pleading, read the final chapter and have your last illusions shattered.

All that remains for you to do is to put "Rockefeller Files" in the hands of all your soporific friends and go to work in earnest to reclaim the American dream. Helping the American Party would be a good place to start.

Our country is too large to have all its affairs directed by a single government. ... I do verily believe that if the principle were to prevail of a common law being in force in the United States (which principle possesses the general government at once of all the powers of the state government and reduces us to a single consolidated government) it would become the most corrupt government on earth.

— Thomas Jefferson

ISSUES ANYONE (con't. from pg. 4)

EQUAL RIGHTS AMENDMENT: The proposed so-called Equal Rights Amendment will not assure women of rights they either do not have or cannot attain more simply and directly. It would, however, abolish privileges and immunities which most Americans believe should be accorded women, such as exemption from combat duty. Ratification of the Equal Rights Amendment should be opposed or repealed.

TAXES: Big government cannot exist without big taxes. We call for a limitation of government to its legitimate functions of preventing violence and fraud and such as are enumerated in the Constitution, and for a simultaneous reduction of taxes.

LAND USE: Land use laws are federal zoning laws or federally instigated state zoning laws. As such, they effectively confiscate or reduce the value of privately owned land without due process. We oppose such laws as tyrannical and oppressive and because they are an invitation to wholesale corruption. We also oppose compulsory flood control insurance and its built-in land use provisions.

Should Ohio Be Shut Down?

Or Kansas? Or California? Or any of the fifty states? That is the intention of the American Federation of State, County and Municipal Employees (AFSCME) according to their communications director. Knuckle under to the government employees' union or get shut down.

Jerry Wurf, president of AFSCME, told the Governor of Maryland he'd "let Baltimore burn" if the firemen and police went on strike to force their wage demands on Maryland's biggest city.

In 1966 in New York City, the Transit Workers' Union's president, Mike Quill, said: "I will not call off the strike. ... I don't care if I rot in jail." New Yorkers lost an estimated billion dollars in wages and income because of the transit strike. But Mike Quill and his TWU did not call off the strike. And Mike Quill did not rot in jail, either. Instead, then Gov. Nelson Rockefeller (Rep.) twisted arms in the state legislature so that New York law was amended retroactively to exempt the TWU from prosecution.

Do you think union bosses should have the power to shut down a state or a city or a school system? The American Party doesn't think so.

Do you think Big Labor should be above the law? The American Party doesn't think so. That's why we oppose collective bargaining for public employees. We're fighting your battle. Won't you help us?



Vote for **AMERICAN PARTY** Candidates!
YOU CAN'T DO WRONG DOIN' RIGHT!

Postage
PAID
Lexington, Ky.
Permit No. 298

The American Party of Kentucky
Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky

THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN

THE OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

VOL 6 NO. 2

APRIL — MAY 1977

25 CENTS

HAVE YOU CUSSSED A BUREAUCRAT TODAY?

Have you seen one of those bumper stickers around that says "Have You Hugged Your Kid Today?" The chances are that you have by now, because 124,000 have been printed. But did you know that they were printed and distributed by the Kentucky Department of Human Resources? They are being given out by mail, in response to telephone requests, at state parks and at offices of the state throughout the Commonwealth.

The whole project is the brainstorm of the Department's Commissioner Jack Lewis, who brought the idea back from South Carolina where he first saw the slogan on a Palmetto State bumper. According to Mr. Ben McClellan of the Department's office in Frankfort — a courteous and cooperative gentleman who supplied the information in a telephone interview — these bumper stickers have been sent to all 50 states as well as 17 foreign countries. Their promotion has been taken up by the Armed Forces Radio Network abroad.

With such seemingly widespread enthusiasm for getting people to "hug their kid today", is it possible that "50,000,000 Frenchmen can be wrong" (to paraphrase the old saying)? We think they can be and are. Oh, it's a nice idea, and undoubtedly the Department of Human Resources means well. Most bureaucrats do. But ---

It's a maudlin sentiment. True parental love will not be promoted by treacly slogans, nor will it be generated by

superficial reminders on the rear end of some stranger's car during a brief pause at a traffic light.

And how many of you have "kids"? Kids are what other people and goats have. Our own offspring are sons, daughters, children. It isn't necessarily a sign of snobbishness to feel a grating condescension in this folksier-than - thou phraseology.

But more importantly, why is the Department of Human Resources engaged in this enterprise? Ostensibly it is to combat child abuse. We yield to no one in decrying child abuse; it must surely head everyone's list of despicable, heinous crimes. That's just the point. Child abuse is a crime, and like other crimes it is best controlled by certainty of apprehension together with speed and severity of punishment.

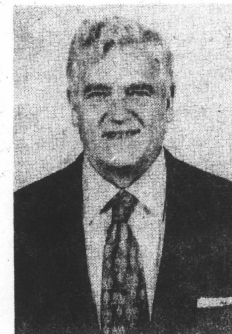
We don't think those twisted fathers and mothers who abuse their children will be stayed a single blow by sentimental slogans. Their reprehensible behavior will more likely be deterred or muted by the prospect of a sure and stern application of the Commonwealth's laws against brutality toward the defenseless.

Public money already spent on bumper stickers is beyond recall. From now on, however, let's spend the allocated funds on putting the fear of the law into those souls in which there is insufficient fear of God. We think there will be a better return on the investment.

JUST WAGES

by PERCY L. GREAVES, JR.

Page 3



PERCY L. GREAVES, JR.

Man is entitled to the full product of his labor. An honest and diligent man is worthy of his hire. When man works alone to supply all his needs, there is no question that he receives the full fruit of his toil. The same is true in a free and unmanipulated market economy. Today many doubt this. So it may be well to review the conditions which compel a free market economy to give each worker his just due.

All men seek to satisfy as many of their needs and desires as they can. Each man unconsciously arranges his needs and desires in a certain order along a scale of values. Somewhere in this scale is leisure.

That is, there are things that every person wants over and above leisure. There are other things which each of us would go without in order to enjoy leisure. Most of us constantly strive to increase our ability to satisfy more needs and desires with the same or less effort. As we increase the ease with which we produce, we tend to raise our standard of living by raising the quantity or quality of things we prefer more than leisure.

There are two prime general principles for increasing the standard of living that peace-loving Christians may practice within the scope of economic science.

The first is the use of savings or capital converted into forms which help increase the production of workers. This elementary method of increasing production can be used by self-sustaining individuals as well as self-sustaining societies. Robinson Crusoe used it. Modern society uses it. Such capital is the very essence of capitalism.

The second prime general principle is the division of labor with the resulting specialization which permits a cooperating group to produce more wealth than the same individuals could when acting separately. Such group production raises a question in the minds of many as to how the final product should be divided among those who have contributed to its production. How much should be given to the supplier of the capital, and how much to the individual workers, as well as how much to the man who undertakes and oversees the production?

This division of "spoils" question has caused a great deal of distress in recent labor-management relations. There is a popular feeling that employers can take advantage of employees. There is likewise a growing feeling that employees, organized in big unions, can help themselves to a share of employers' "profits." These notions result from observable conditions where force, with government aid or acquiescence, is used by either employers or groups of employees. Such possibilities lie entirely outside the area of a free market economy.

Once force is interjected into the division of the productions of man, justice becomes dependent upon the wishes of some final authority—usually some branch of government. If such division is to be just, the person or persons making it would have to be omniscient persons practicing Christian principles. They would have to be above suspicion and temptation. They would have to have full knowledge of all known conditions concerning every

transaction in the entire sphere of economic transactions. Such a situation is obviously impossible. Consequently, any government dictation of prices, rents or wage rates inherently involves injustices.

On the other hand, when the competition of a free market is permitted to set prices, rents and wage rates, there cannot be any injustice. The market grants no unearned favors to any producer or consumer. Every earned dollar has an equal value. In every case where injustice can be spotted, it will be found that it is the result of some interference or friction that has resulted in a deviation from the free market. Under free market conditions such deviations can only be small and temporary. They tend to disappear when profit-seeking men find that they exist. In a free and mobile economy, profits from duplicable efforts soon attract the competition that eliminates them. If they cannot be duplicated, they are certainly earned.

The purpose of a free market economy is to serve consumers. Men save capital and specialize in cooperative social production in order to increase their total production, both as a group and individually. No man will desert a mode of self-sufficiency and self-employment unless he believes he will personally gain by becoming a part of a productive group.

In a free market economy the price of any commodity, including human labor, is the value of the marginal quantity—that is, the last unit available to the consumer or employer who offers the lowest acceptable price. For a worker acceptable wages and terms of employment must be more desirable than working for himself or any other prospective employer. Since no buyer or employer will pay more for one identical and interchangeable commodity or unit of labor than another, each receives the same price or wage. It is thus impossible for an employer to pay a worker less than he contributes to the total production for more than a very short time. In a free market economy some vigilant person will always see the possibility of offering any "under-paid" worker a higher wage in order to sell the product of his labor on the market at a profit.

In a free market economy there is always competition among employers for employees just as there is among employees for employers. This competition serves to increase production and reduce prices to consumers, the real bosses. Whenever wages fall for a group of workers and new employers do not offer increased wages, it is because consumers will no longer pay the former production costs. Employers are not in a position to gain from low wages. They are only middlemen. They must pass them on to consumers in the form of low prices. If they do not, their competitors will, and they will be out of business.

Likewise, workers in organized groups, unions, cannot consistently, in a free market, increase their wages at the expense of management's profits, for people will cease to go in business unless they receive the compensation to which the market entitles them. With fewer employers there will be less competition for workers and, therefore, lower wages.

Physical force is impossible in a free market operated in accordance with Christian principles. It is sometimes thought that employers are at a disadvantage in bargaining with employees because they need work more than an employer needs workers. Probably the reason for this popular fallacy is that we all tend to look at things from our own viewpoint, and there are more workers than there are employers. However, it should be remembered that employers lose when their capital is idle, just as job-seeking workers lose when they are idle. No businessman invests in

(con't. on pg. 7)

THE LIFE OF THE PARTY

American Party National Committeeman from Kentucky Glenn Sunderland, of Salem, has been called temporarily to Detroit by the Jervis B. Webb Company, the world's largest manufacturer of production conveying systems. Glenn serves as a contract millwright to help convert the Detroit assembly lines to next year's models. He has been sent by the Webb Company to jobs in such faraway places as Ghana and Brazil.

Second District Chairman Maj. Leland Neville and his wife, Virginia, of Park City, attended a political action workshop in Owensboro on March 5, sponsored by the Concerned Women of Kentucky. Featured speaker was Kathy Teague of Washington, D.C., and Leesburg, Virginia, with helpful suggestions on how to go about electing better senators and representatives to the Kentucky legislature.

Vice Chairman Ed Parker of Louisville, engineer for the General Electric Co. at Appliance Park, has spent several weeks in March in Decatur, Alabama, trouble-shooting a large power plant installation.

National Executive Board member Percy L. Greaves, Jr., of Dobbs Ferry, New York, has accepted an invitation to be the principal speaker at the forthcoming meeting of the National Committee of the American Party in Hot Springs, Arkansas, on May 26-28. Master of ceremonies at the Friday evening dinner is to be Dr. W.S. Krogdahl of Lexington, Chairman of the American Party of Kentucky.

CALENDER OF EVENTS

TUESDAY, APRIL 5, 7:30 P.M., LOUISVILLE — Jefferson County American Party, regular meeting at Lynnview Community Center, Gilmore Lane off Preston Highway, south of I-264.

SUNDAY, APRIL 17, 1:30 P.M. — Regular meeting of the State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky at 3493 Castleton Way North, Lexington.

SATURDAY, APRIL 23, 8:30 A.M. — Sixth District American Party breakfast, Perkins Cake and Steak House, 729 South Limestone Street, Lexington.

TUESDAY, MAY 3, 7:30 P.M. — Louisville-Jefferson County American Party, regular meeting at Lynnview Community Center, Gilmore Lane off Preston Highway, south of I-264.

SATURDAY, MAY 21, 8:30 A.M. — Sixth District American Party breakfast, Perkins Cake and Steak House, 729 South Limestone Street, Lexington.

SUNDAY, MAY 22, 4:30 P.M. — Regular meeting of the State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky at the Royal Feast Smorgasbord, 4160 Bardstown Road, Beuchel (about two miles south of Watterson Expressway).

THURSDAY-SATURDAY, MAY 26-28 — National Committee of the American Party semi-annual meeting, Hot Springs, Arkansas.

Persons interested in the American Party are cordially invited to attend any of the above functions.

Did you consent to give the welfare chiselers, forced Republican and Democrat parties \$44 million of your money and mine? They're taking it anyway. Did you volunteer to pay \$10-\$20 a week to the Kennedy, Johnson, Nixon and Ford administrations? They took it from you by inflation. That's on top of the \$15-\$30 you pay to the Internal Revenue Service every week. Add it up! The Republicans and Democrats charge you \$25-\$50 a week to pay for corruption, can!

Name _____
(Please print)

Street Address _____

City _____ State _____

Zip _____ Phone _____

I would also like to help
— At the polls — Organize

— Telephone — Canvas

— Type — Clerical

I think these friends would like to become acquainted with the American Party, its principles and its candidates.

Name _____
(Please print)

Street Address _____

City _____ State _____

Zip _____

Name _____
(Please print)

Street Address _____

City _____ State _____

Zip _____

Return to: **THE AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY,**
Box 7082,
Lexington, Kentucky 40502.

LETTER TO THE EDITOR

The Kentucky American
Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky 40502

Dear Sirs:

America, the land of plenty, is now the land of shortages. Shortages are not caused overnight. WHY?

In 1954 the Warren Court ruled that the Natural Gas Act of 1938 gave the Federal Power Commission (F.P.C.) the authority to regulate the wellhead price of natural gas. The F.P.C. set a ceiling price on interstate natural gas, which has accomplished two things:

- 1) It encouraged use at the artificially low price.
- 2) It discouraged exploration because the fixed selling price was not sufficiently profitable to justify further heavy capital investment.

According to a Federal Energy Administration report entitled "Project Independence," the number of gas wells drilled in the United States declined from 5,262 in 1960 to 3,679 in 1971. Twice Congress voted deregulation of natural gas prices, but the bills were vetoed.

Because of current F.P.C. policies, natural gas is bubbling up in the Gulf of Mexico to waste, or being burned off at the well head (flared), because it is unprofitable to sell it at controlled prices.

According to one U.S. Senate staffer, 272 million cubic feet of gas are flared in the Gulf of Mexico every day - enough to meet the daily requirements of metropolitan Washington.

The F.P.C. has harassed producers at every turn by ensnaring them in mountains of federal red tape because of siting, licensing, and regulatory delays. Even artificial production is harassed as "Barron's" November 18, 1974 reported "two years ago, El Paso Natural Gas submitted a plan for a \$420 million coal gasification plant designed to produce 250,000 mcf of gas daily. It sought permission from the FPC to pass on the increased costs of gas flowing from that facility to its customers. El Paso still is waiting for an okay. Meanwhile, the cost of the project has shot up 50 percent."

With the U.S. Government unresponsive, El Paso and Occidental Petroleum discovered in November 74 that the U.S. Export - Import Bank was willing to underwrite, with credits guaranteed by our taxes, the development of Soviet natural gas reserves in the Yakutsk area of Siberia. One reason the U.S. should not be diverting our drilling equipment and expertise to Russia is: According to the latest figures from the U.S. Geological Survey, some 266.1 trillion cubic feet of untapped gas reserves have been measured (on shore and off shore) in the United States. To which must be added the 130-250 trillion cubic feet in indicated and inferred reserves, plus 1,000 - 2,000 trillion in undiscovered recoverable resources.

Let's get big government off our backs and out of our pockets so that it can't disorganize the free enterprise system which creates our jobs and supplies our wants.

FRED KERESTESY
2005 Mark Avenue
Lexington, Kentucky

ATOMIC POWER IS PART OF THE ANSWER

The State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky passed the following resolution at its meeting in Louisville on March 20:

'Whereas this country has suffered acutely during this past winter from contrived shortages of natural gas, oil and (in some areas) electric power, and

Whereas certain sections of the nation were literally spared a complete and disastrous breakdown of their oil and coal-fired electric power systems by the fortunate and saving assistance of nuclear power plants in adjacent regions, and

Whereas nuclear power has a demonstrated record of being the safest and most reliable power source capable of supplying a major portion of the nation's needs, and

Whereas numerous individuals and organizations are engaged in a multitude of legal and propaganda campaigns to throttle and curtail the development of nuclear power,

Now, therefore, be it resolved that the American Party of Kentucky strongly supports the peaceful and constructive uses of atomic energy as a necessary and desirable contribution to America's economic growth and stability.

Our peculiar security is in the possession of a written Constitution. Let us not make a blank paper by construction. I say the same as to the opinion of those who consider the grant of the treaty - making power as boundless. If it is, then we have no Constitution.

— Thomas Jefferson

The people are the rightful masters of both Congress and the Courts, not to overthrow the Constitution, but to overthrow the men who pervert the Constitution.

— Abraham Lincoln

If, in the opinion of the people, the distribution or modification of the constitutional powers be, in any particular, wrong, let it be corrected by an amendment in the way in which the Constitution designates. But let there be no change by usurpation; for though this, in one instance, may be the instrument of good, it is the customary weapon by which free governments are overthrown.

— George Washington

There is no danger I apprehend so much as the consolidation of our government by the noiseless and therefore unalarming instrumentality of the Supreme Court.

— Thomas Jefferson

The accumulation of all powers, legislative, executive, and judiciary, in the same hand, whether of one, a few, or many, or whether hereditary, self-appointed or elected, may justly be pronounced the very definition of tyranny.

— James Madison

DEUTSCHE PEANUTS

You need not be a grinning pol to grow peanuts, but you do need a subtropical climate. The reason why they won't grow in temperate climates is not that the air is too cool, but that the soil is not warm enough. To grow peanuts, cotton, eggplant or even soybeans would be impossible in the cold soil of Germany.

Unless, of course, one warmed it up. And that is exactly what is now being done in one of the most dramatic research projects of recent years, a project called "Agrotherm," run by a number of West German power companies and coordinated (also largely financed) by the West German government.

There is not enough river water in the Federal Republic to cool the planned electric generating capacity — nuclear alone will amount to more than thirty 1,300 MW plants by 1985 — and cooling towers are out of favor. They waste energy, lose a lot of water if they are "wet," cost a fortune if they are "dry," and in either case make a target for the knights of Umweltschutz (environmental protection).

But the waste heat must be rejected to some place, and if it can't go into the air or water, said German engineers, let it go into the earth. And not as waste heat, either; but as useful heat that will make things grow. The cooling water (which cools the condensers, where the steam coming out of the turbines condenses to the water going back into the boilers) is pumped through pipes about 30 inches below the surface of farmland and spaced about three feet apart.

Several Agrotherm experimental stations have been running for three years now; one near Essen, another near the nuclear plant at Grundremmingen. The (coal-fired) 2,000 MW plant in Neurath, Bavaria, for example, pumps more than 10,000 cubic feet of water per hour through 43 miles of piping under a 17-acre field, raising the soil temperature by 14 degrees above normal. The research stations use strips of heated land next to unheated strips (for comparison) and are intended to yield, among other data, the optimum depth and spacing of the pipes.

As the cooling water gives up its heat to the soil, its temperature drops without the energy losses in cooling towers, without the loss of water by evaporation in "wet" towers or the expense of "dry" towers. Project Agrotherm has been running for three years at a fraction of what "dry" cooling towers would cost. Those were the prime reasons for the idea. But what about the soil?

Thermal pollution (as the sham-environmentalists call it) makes fish and lobster grow faster to bigger specimens; hark now, ye Friends of the Earth, what it does to the soil:

Corn grows about three feet taller; potatoes can be harvested four weeks earlier, and their acre yield is 69 percent higher; the sugarbeet crop is 70 percent up; soybeans (which cannot normally be grown in Germany at all) yield 2.2 tons per acre, compared with an average of 0.8 tons in US natural soybean - growing areas. Cotton, peanuts and eggplants, crops entirely foreign to Germany, sprout in the Agrotherm experimental stations. Even pineapple is being tried.

The managers of Agrotherm (according to Rhine-Ruhr Report, Duesseldorf) regard the agricultural gain as a pure bonus; the prospective gain in the power plant efficiency alone justifies the effort.

But the results are stunning beyond that. Cotton in Germany! (Cotton hear Essen, and them that plants it ist nicht vergessen, as Alt Mann River, mitout waste heating, er kept on rollin' along.) It brings to mind Barry Commoner, whose Marxist economics are outdone only by his thermodynamic abracadabra. "Nuclear reactors have a particularly low Carnot efficiency," writes Barry the blunderer in one of his false statements, and he blunders on: "Waste heat should be distributed to heat or cool buildings.

Because nuclear plants ... have been exiled from the cities, this kind of energy conserving arrangement is impossible."

The engineers at Grundremmingen know better.

NOT BY PEANUTS ALONE

Waste heat can do more than grow peanuts. The West German power company STEAG of Essen has completed the first four miles of a pipeline which will run from its 600 kW power plant in Gelsenkirchen to the cities of Essen and Bottrop, a total distance of 18 miles, to provide domestic heating in the two cities. When finished in late 1977, the line will be the first step toward a regional heating system extending all across the Ruhr District.

By utilizing what would otherwise be waste heat, the efficiency of the Gelsenkirchen power plant will jump from 38 percent to 80 percent, realizing fuel savings of up to 10 million tons of crude oil a year (by shutting down as many domestic heating plants as there are customers for the new service), and air pollution will be reduced by the same measure.

The idea is not new; waste heat from power plants for domestic and office heating has been used in Prague, Czechoslovakia, since the 30's and is widely used in the rest of Europe; it is being used in Memphis, Tenn., now.

What is new is the extent and the motivation of the system. The West German government is studying the possibility of installing similar networks nationwide, providing heat for all cities with more than 40,000 population. The waste heat would come not only from power plants, but also from coke ovens, blast furnaces, incinerators, and other major heat generators. The total cost would be a staggering \$100 billion, but it would eventually be paid for in fuel savings. The STEAG line is an initial study project before the decision on a national network is made.

Also new is the motivation. Apart from the reduced air pollution — which would hardly justify the staggering cost — Germany faces an energy squeeze, as do other European countries. They are all going nuclear, many of them much faster than the U.S. Unlike Britain or Norway, Germany has no North Sea oil, and unlike the welfare states of Britain and Italy, she is not yet going down the drain. So the Germans plan to practice the only type of energy conservation that makes any sense — cutting the waste, not the use, of energy. The peanuts and pineapples are a welcome spin-off.

Not macht erfindersich, say the Germans; necessity is the mother of invention. After the Arab oil embargo, Europe's biggest industrial power had to invent new forms of energy conservation, and they did. There is no such thing as the bottom of the barrel; there is only unwillingness and inability to scrape deeper or find a new barrel.

It all happened before. Until the discovery of the West Indies, the only sweetness known to Europe was honey and stuff like maple syrup. In the Napoleonic wars, the British blockaded the Continent, and there was no more sugar.

Wasn't there? A Mediterranean weed was cultivated into the sugarbeet, and when the blockade was lifted, Europe stayed with it — the substitute proved to be preferable to the original.

When necessity has dispelled the present mood of techno-phobia, no-growth, and sham-environmentalism, as necessity surely will, the utilization of "waste" heat will remain.

Along with the pineapples and peanuts.

Reprinted by permission from "Access to Energy", a monthly newsletter published by Dr. Petr Beckmann, Box 2298, E. slder, Colorado 80306 (\$9 per year).

CARTER AVENUE CAR WASH

**2558 CARTER AVENUE
ASHLAND, KENTUCKY
41101
TELEPHONE 325-7959**

**"WE BELIEVE IN GOOD GOVERNMENT
AND CLEAN CARS"**

TOWN AND COUNTRY FURNITURE

**U.S. 60
ASHLAND, KENTUCKY
41101
CHARLES WRIGHT, OWNER
TELEPHONES
928-6461
928-6462**

HELEN BREEDEN REALTY

**NOTARY INSURANCE
213 GRANVIL DRIVE
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY
40218
502-491-7925**

JUST WAGES Cont. from Pg. 3

machinery or factories for the purpose of keeping them idle. In order to earn a return on his investment, it is necessary that he keep workers operating them.

As an economy progresses with more and more specialization and with increased per capita amounts of invested capital, investors in complicated job - making machinery find it more difficult to shift their investments from the production of things no longer wanted to new things that consumers want. Rapid shifts in consumer demands mean capital losses. On the other hand, with increasing knowledge, training and accumulated savings, individual workers are becoming more mobile. The individual worker of today finds it far easier to learn about and shift to a higher paid job than did the worker of a century ago. In the old days a worker in one city would find it difficult to know that he could earn more in a city three or four hundred miles away. The cost of moving might also have been too great.

A progressive economy makes it easier for workers to gravitate to those jobs where they are best paid, while the increased investment in specialized machinery makes it increasingly more difficult for investors to shift from losing investments to profitable investments. There is more competition and a better market for adaptable men than for unadaptable machines.

As a result, workers in a free and progressive economy stand to gain consistently in increased real wages. They are constantly assured of their full contribution as determined by the consumers in the market place. They can never receive less than their contribution so long as they are free to move where it is being offered.

An honest and conscientious worker has nothing to fear in a free economy conducted along Christian lines. He has much to fear if any group is granted privileges which limit his freedom or the freedom of possible employers who would like to compete for his services. It is, therefore, important that all workers guard not only their own freedom but the freedom of all prospective investors and employers, for it is only with the cooperation of all groups of society that we can attain the greatest production for all and for each.

(Reprinted from Christian Economics, December 16, 1952 by permission. Percy L. Greaves, Jr., is a distinguished writer, lecturer and economist. He is the author of "Understanding the Dollar Crisis" and currently serves on the national American Party Executive Board and the American Party Speakers Bureau.)

MEET YOUR STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

The American Party National Committeeman from Kentucky is Glenn Sunderland of Salem. Glenn spent two years in the U.S. Army, most of it in service at Bordeaux, France, where he served as a Dial Central Office repairman for the Post Telephone Exchange.

Glenn Sunderland ran as the American Party candidate for Commissioner of Agriculture in 1971. He is a member of the AFL-CIO Millwright Union, a life member of the National Rifle Association, and a life member of the John Birch Society.

Glenn attended Murray State University for two years and for 13 years has been employed seasonally as a millwright by the Jervis B. Webb Company, a Detroit automation firm. The rest of the time he raises strawberries and Black Angus cattle on the family farm near Salem.

RESOLUTION ON RHODESIAN CHROME

Whereas the Carter administration's efforts to overthrow the legitimate government of Rhodesia constitute unwarranted and unmerited interference in the internal affairs of a friendly nation, and

Whereas the officially cited concern for the civil rights of blacks in Rhodesia is politically inspired and unmitigated hypocrisy, and

Whereas the recent Congressional embargo on vital Rhodesian chrome will work the greatest hardship on those very Rhodesian blacks whom it was said to be intended to help, and

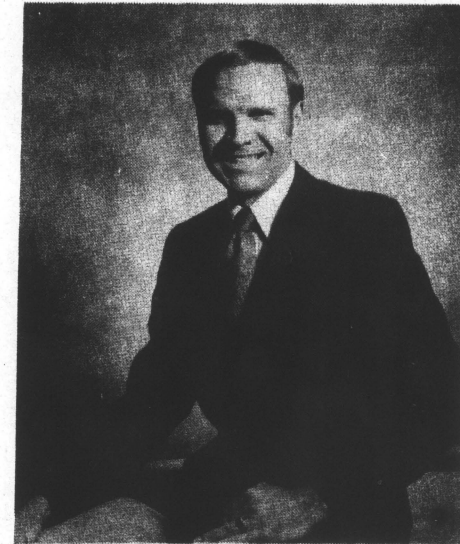
Whereas the major beneficiary of the embargo will be the Soviet Union, America's sworn enemy, which will now become our major supplier of chrome, and

Whereas the Soviet Union is a slave state, whose products are in substantial part wrung from the slave labor of a totalitarian regime,

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the American Party of Kentucky that those Senators and Representatives who voted to impose the embargo on Rhodesian chrome be categorically condemned for an immoral, hypocritical and counter-productive action.

Passed by the Stae Central Committee at the meeting on March 22, 1977 in Louisville.

Senators Hudleston and Ford, Representatives Natcher, Mazzoli, Breckinridge, and Perkins all voted for the embargo.



GLENN SUNDERLAND

Should your child have to go to school in a neighborhood where your wife is afraid to drive?

Judge Garrity in Boston thinks so. Judge Keith in Pontiac thinks so. Judge Gordon in our own state thinks so. Lots of federal judges think so. That's why there's turmoil in the schools in Boston, Pontiac, and a great many other places around the country. That's why the children in these school systems aren't getting much of an education these days.

The AMERICAN PARTY believes that your children shouldn't have to go farther than the nearest public school of your choice to get an education. The AMERICAN PARTY thinks that money spent on buses, gasoline, and drivers to transport school children cross-town is a waste of your tax dollars as well as a possible hazard to the safety of your children. The AMERICAN PARTY thinks that time spent unnecessarily riding buses is valuable time lost. The AMERICAN PARTY thinks that the misspent time and money ought to be available for better uses by both black and white children and their parents. The AMERICAN PARTY is the ONLY national political party which thinks so and says so and will work to end federal interference in local school systems.

Those federal judges weren't appointed by the AMERICAN PARTY; they were put on the bench by the Republicans and Democrats. Republicans and Democrats in Congress tolerate judicial defiance of the laws passed by Congress. Don't expect Republicans or Democrats to solve this country's problems.



Next time, vote to solve the forced busing problem for all time!

Vote to get the Federal Government out of the "BUSING BUSINESS!"

Vote For The American Party!

The AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
BOX 7082
Lexington, Kentucky

Bulk Rate
U.S. Postage
PAID
Lexington, Ky.
Permit No. 298

THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN

THE OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

VOL. 6 NO. 4

AUGUST — SEPTEMBER 1977

25 CENTS

WHOSE CHILDREN ARE THEY, ANYWAY?

A Louisville parent, Robert DePrez, has had to take to the courts to try to establish his right to educate his own children in the manner in which his conscience dictates. Mr. DePrez is suing the Kentucky Board of Education and its chairman, the Rev. Bob Brown of Lexington, for denying accreditation to the Metropolitan Christian School. The Rev. Brown has said that approval of the school was denied because, among other things, the school doesn't "use books on the state list" and because "they teach that everything in the Bible is literally true from Genesis all the way through".

Why is accreditation such a big deal that anyone should sue Rev. Brown and the Kentucky Board of Education for \$150,000? The significance of the Board's action is that children attending an unaccredited school are considered truant and their parents face the sanctions of the law. This could mean expensive lawsuits and possible fines and imprisonment.

Is this not a monstrous state of affairs? Parents bring children into this world, invest many thousands of dollars in their nurture, lavish thousands of hours upon their care and upbringing, regard them as more precious than their own lives, and then find that a handful of total strangers can call down the wrath and power of the state to make sure that the children are taught to believe things they find hateful and wrong!

It is anomalous, to say the least, that Rev. Brown would object to the Metropolitan Christian School on the ground that "They use the Bible to teach everything. ... Everything is just saturated with Bible verses." One may agree or disagree with the practice of using Scripture as the basis of all pedagogy. But who is the Rev. Brown or anyone else to say that Mr. DePrez may not choose to

educate his own children as he thinks best? Whose children are they, anyway?

One might have objections or reservations if the children were being taught antisocial doctrines such as the virtues of larceny, arson or ritual murder. But no, the Rev. Brown objects because "they say if you believe in evolution, you don't believe in God. I don't believe that." It is Rev. Brown's privilege not to believe it, just as it is yours and mine. However, we deny Rev. Brown the privilege to put Mr. DePrez in jeopardy of bankruptcy and prison for disagreeing with the Rev. Brown.

Speaking for the Kentucky Board of Education, Rev. Brown says that this recent action "is a planned, willful act by the State Board to guarantee that all children in Kentucky will go to an accredited school." That translates, very directly, into an unmitigated act of tyranny. Accreditation is in this case not an ipso facto guarantee of anything other than a denial of a parent's pre-eminent right to raise his children as he sees fit.

The American Party offers a simple solution: repeal Kentucky's truancy laws. At a single stroke, the Rev. Bob Brown and his colleagues would be shorn of their power to commit "planned, willful" acts against other citizens whose consciences are to be presumed as acute as theirs and whose interests in their own children have a far greater claim to general acknowledgement than does that of the Rev. Brown.

The Rev. Brown has publicly taken issue with Anita Bryant's efforts to bar admitted homosexuals from the ranks of public school teachers. Is he really the man to oversee what your child should or should not be taught at school?

LIFE OF THE PARTY

A number of ladies of the American Party attended the International Women's Year Conference on June 10-12 at the University of Kentucky in Lexington. Among them were three members of the State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky: from Lexington were Mrs. Anne Hembree (Legal Adviser) and Mrs. June Porter (National Committeewoman); from Park City was Mrs. Virginia Neville (At-large Member). Mrs. Neville and Mrs. Nancy Greer, also of Park City, have since formed Concerned Citizens for Family Unity, Rt. 1, Park City 42160. A brief report on the IWY Conference is given in the letter from Mrs. Eleanor Hayden on page 7.

Dr. Albert Cullum of Middlesboro has been elected national President of the American Association of Physicians and Surgeons. Dr. Cullum was the American Party's candidate for Congress in Kentucky's Fifth District in 1974 and 1976.

Mr. Herbert Curry, recently of Versailles and now of Lexington, has been cited in the July issue of the American Voice, the American Party's national monthly newspaper, for meritorious service to the party.

Mr. Mike McMurray, a graduate of Tates Creek High in Lexington, has moved to New Orleans where he is a member of the New Orleans Symphony (double bass). Mr. McMurray was recently elected Treasurer of the newly-affiliated American Constitutional Party of Louisiana.

The American Party Youth Federation is holding its first annual American Party National Summer Camp on August 5-7 at the Tom Anderson Ranch in the Cumberland Mountains of Tennessee. For further information about Youth Federation activities, write to the American Party, 100 River Road, Pigeon Forge, Tennessee 37863.

Drs. Wasley and Margaret Krogdahl of Lexington spent the week-end of July 9 visiting and conferring with National Executive Director George Melton in Bedford, Virginia. Dr. Krogdahl is Chairman of the American Party of Kentucky.

Mr. Vernon Bays of Ashland spent three days in St. Joseph's Hospital in Lexington in early July. Mr. Bays is Chairman of the American Party in the Seventh Congressional District. His many friends are delighted by his speedy recovery.

At the meeting of the State Central Committee in Louisville on July 17, a Candidate Search Committee was appointed to seek out qualified Congressional candidates for the 1978 elections. Chairman of the Committee is Eugene Barnett of Danville. Other members of the Committee are Charles Wright of Ashland, Leland Neville of Park City, Ed Hall and Aldon Montgomery of Louisville, and Bill Jett of Richmond. The Committee welcomes suggestions, which should be sent to the American Party of Kentucky, Box 7082, Lexington, Kentucky 40502.

Anthony McCord of Lexington, American Party candidate for the Kentucky House of Representatives from the 77th Legislative District, will attend the National Convention of the National Association of Professional Educators in Houston, Texas, on August 5-6. The NAPE is a national teachers' organization which is opposed to unionization of the teaching profession.

Persons in the Lexington area who will agree to display attractive white-on-red bumper stickers with the message "Anthony McCord - 77th District" are invited to call 272-2659. The stickers will be sent free of charge.

AMERICAN PARTY OPPOSES PANAMA CANAL GIVEAWAY

The following resolution was passed by the State Central Committee of the American Party at its meeting in Louisville on March 20, 1977:

Whereas the Carter administration is continuing the misguided efforts of the Johnson, Nixon and Ford administrations to transfer ownership and control of the Panama Canal to the Marxist Panamanian regime, and

Whereas these efforts are being made in defiance of the overwhelming sentiment of the American public and the Congress, and Whereas Pres. Carter's special negotiator, Sol Linowitz, has been revealed to have a personal financial interest in a bank heavily beholden to Panamanian dictator Torrijos, and

Whereas Sol Linowitz has been revealed to have had a close association with the Institute for Policy Studies whose members included a paid agent of the Cuban secret police and other Marxists and their sympathizers,

Now, therefore, be it resolved by the American Party of Kentucky that Congress should investigate and publicize the negotiations with Panama and should give clear and unmistakable notice of this country's intention not to relinquish any aspect of control or sovereignty over the Panama Canal, the Canal Zone or any other American territory.

EDUCATION IN A FREE SOCIETY

by Mark Spangler

The entire process of growing older, emerging, and developing oneself is education.

(Man) is learning all the time ... He learns and forms ideas about the world and the natural laws that govern it. He gains understanding of other people, their desires, how they achieve them, as well as his own desires and how they are to be achieved. He formulates ideas on the nature of man and what his own and others' ends should be in light of this nature. This is a continual process ...

Very simply then, living and becoming educated happen simultaneously.

In a free society an individual is, of course, free to exercise his will and creativity. He is at liberty to combine his energy and resources to enhance his well-being, with one restriction: the use of coercion and fraud to achieve one's ends is forbidden. The state is supposed to protect a person's life and property from the violence of others. The social order is a system of voluntary association and exchange.

Where does the notion of formal education fit into this scheme? Education would be one of many services provided through the market. Usually, to learn more advanced and systematic disciplines requires the aid of instructors. Also, some parents may believe a formal school is more appropriate than home instruction for children to learn even basic subjects.

So, where the demand for formal education exists, an entrepreneur will bring together capital, land, and personnel to form an institution of learning. This is no different from publishing houses marketing books and magazines to meet the consumer demand for reading material and self-education. A person's buying the services of an instructor at a local school would be the same as buying a book or magazine at the local newsstand.

A great diversity exists among individuals. While individuals may share interests, each person has particular characteristics and aptitudes. If and as a civilization progresses beyond the point of minimum subsistence, this human diversity and lack of uniformity becomes more and more apparent. "Since each person is a unique individual, the best type of formal instruction for him is that which suits his own particular individuality."²

Just as a myriad of books and magazines exists in the market place to meet diverse tastes, an inconceivable variety of schools would appear to meet individual needs in education. Some schools would operate year round, others part time. The traditionally structured classroom or a "progressive," open classroom may be offered. Perhaps a student would choose several courses or just one at a time. A host of trade, intellectual, scientific, athletic, and religious schools would exist. The types and combinations go on and on; but, in short, a person will go to the school for which he is best suited.

Public schooling suppresses the diversity among individuals. A public school is a bureaucracy and must necessarily operate under a set of strict, detailed rules and regulations. Change in a public school comes only after public meetings, and voting procedures, and this must be done for each issue.

In addition, public schools prescribe standards of instruction which apply to all students. A uniform code is imposed on all

students, and this represses diversity and ignores individual needs. Students of all types are placed in the same classroom. True, the high schools offer several curriculums, such as vocation, business, or academic; but within each of these areas, uniform standards are still imposed on the students. Individual needs are comparatively ignored under public schooling.

In an unhampered market economy, firms must continually adjust to the demands of buyers. To stay in business, private schools would have to quickly adjust to the buyers of educational services. Private schools would compete to fulfill individual educational needs.

Who in society — the parent or the state — is in a better position to know the educational needs of a child? Naturally, parents know their children best and should be able to decide what type of schooling is suited for the children. Yet, public schooling virtually deprives parents of this right. School authorities tax away parents' income and operate the school system as they see fit. The public school can even become a machine to shape the child, as John Stuart Mill wrote:

"A general state education is a mere contrivance for moulding people to be exactly like one another; and the mould in which it casts them is that which pleases the predominant power in the government ..."

This leads to a "battle" for power over the school authority. Concerned parents will want to see their ideas on education implemented in the school system. But no matter whose methods are put into action, other parents will be victimized by public schooling, because they will be stripped of educating their children as they see best. An environment of conflict is created.

Private schools competing for the consumers' dollars would eliminate such a situation. The present political school board battles over controversies such as sex education in the schools would be totally foreign to schooling methods under a free economy. Parents would decide if and when their child would have formal schooling in sex education and then simply pick an appropriate school.

Perhaps what is most disheartening and revolting about popular public schooling are the compulsory attendance laws. Parents must send their children to school, either to a private school or to the one state school designated in the district. And private schools today are no real escape because they must meet state standards and regulations, and parents must first pay for public schooling. Such coercion is no teaching device. "No one can be made to learn. Only those who wish to learn can or ever will do so."³

One only needs to return to the example of books and magazines to realize the alarming condition of public education. Who would not be shocked if a government authority decided to provide magazines and books, outlawed all other literature that did not meet government standards, and furthermore required persons to read them. What a blatant denial of individual liberty! Yet, this is exactly the case in public schooling, and it is a far cry from the education to be expected in a truly free society.

(Continued on Pg. 5)

DIAZO PRINTING OFFSET PRINTING XEROX 9200 XEROX 1860

DRAFTING ROOM
FURNITURE

SURVEYING
EQUIPMENT
AND SUPPLIES

WHITE PRINT
EQUIPMENT
AND SUPPLIES

Lynn Blue Print and Supply Co. Inc. has been serving architectural, engineering, and industrial firms in Central and Eastern Kentucky for better than thirty years.

A family owned business that does its best to fulfill all your company's needs.

LYNN BLUE PRINT and SUPPLY CO. INC.
327 EAST VINE ST.
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40507
PHONE: 606-255-1021

PARTY CALENDAR

TUESDAY, AUGUST 2, 7:30 P.M.: Jefferson County American Party, regular monthly meeting at Lynnview Community Center, Gilmore Lane off Preston Highway, south of Watterson Expressway.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 27, 8:30 AM: Sixth District American Party breakfast, Perkins Cake and Steak House, 729 South Limestone, Lexington.

SUNDAY, AUGUST 28, 1:30 PM: regular meeting of the State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky at 3493 Castleton Way North, Lexington.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 7:30 PM: Jefferson County American Party, regular monthly meeting at Lynnview Community Center, Gilmore Lane off Preston Hgwy., south of Watterson Expressway.

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1:30 PM: regular meeting of the State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky at 317 Patton Drive, Ashland.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 8:30 AM: Sixth District American Party breakfast, Perkins Cake and Steak House, 729 South Limestone, Lexington.

Persons interested in attending any of the above American Party functions are cordially invited.

EDUCATION IN A FREE SOCIETY

(Con't From Pg. 3)

If a free society is to survive, private property as the means of producing goods and services must survive. And this applies particularly in matters of education — the process of growing and living. Any need for formal education is provided through free markets — without coercion — adjusting to the demands of parents and children. In a free society, a student is free to choose his educators.

Murray N. Rothbard, Education, Free and Compulsory, Wichita: Center for Independent Education, 1970, p.2.

Ibid, p.6.

Leonard E. Read, "Comes The Dawn," Irvington-on-Hudson, N.Y.: The Foundation for Economic Education, Inc., 1976, p.4.

Mr. Spangler is a 1977 graduate from Grove City College with a major in economics and now does research and writing for a California state senator.

For permission to reprint the article above, we offer grateful acknowledgment to the Foundation for Economic Education, Irvington-on-Hudson, New York 10533. The article appeared in the July issue of "The Freeman".

MEET THE CENTRAL COMMITTEE



Secretary - Treasurer of the Fourth District Committee of the American Party of Kentucky is Mrs. Helen Breeden of Louisville. Mrs. Breeden is an active businesswoman, serving as real estate broker, notary public and licensed insurance agent. She launched herself in politics as a Democratic candidate for Governor in 1967 and has since run as the American Party candidate for State Treasurer in 1971 and U.S. Senator in 1972. She notes that more women have entered the political arena in Kentucky since she broke the ice in 1967 than before.

The Breedens have a son and a daughter, three grandsons and two granddaughters.

Helen Breeden currently serves as Treasurer of the Jefferson County - Louisville Area American Party.

BOX SCORE

Congress has acted on several crucial bills recently. Here is the way Kentucky's Congressmen voted on them:

Representatives Carter, Hubbard, Natcher and Snyder voted to prohibit the use of federal funds for the purpose of busing students farther than the nearest school. Breckinridge, Mazzoli and Perkins voted for unrestricted forced busing.

Senator Wendell Ford voted for \$5 billion foreign aid giveaways in three different bills passed by the Senate on June 15 and 16. Senator Walter Huddleston voted twice for these giveaways and failed to vote at all on the \$1.7 billion supplement.

Representatives Carter, Hubbard, Mazzoli, Natcher, Perkins and Snyder voted against the use of federal tax funds to pay for abortions. Rep. Breckinridge voted to continue federal funding of abortions.



The Health Hazards of NOT Going Nuclear

An Eye-Opener for Laymen

By Petr Beckmann (University of Colorado)
Fellow of the IEEE
Editor and Publisher of *Access to Energy*

\$5.95 softbound, \$10.95 hardbound
postpaid from

AMERICAN OPINION BOOKSTORE

P. O. BOX 7075
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40502

SPECIAL OFFER

One year's subscription (6 issues) to

THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN (\$1.50)

PLUS

One paperback copy of

GARY ALLEN'S
"ROCKEFELLER FILE" (\$1.95)
A \$3.45 VALUE FOR ONLY

\$2

NAME _____

ADDRESS or RT. NO. _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP _____

Send to The American Party of Kentucky,
Box 7082, Lexington, Kentucky 40502

HELEN BREEDEN

REALTY

NOTARY INSURANCE

213 GRANVIL DRIVE

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY

40218

502-491-7925

POWER TO THE PEOPLE!

Are you tired of the energy crisis? Don't you wish someone would solve it? Do you wonder how many jobs will be on the line during the next gasoline shortage, gas shortage, coal strike or OPEC boycott?

The solution to the problem of energy sources and the way to find the answers to questions like those above will be found in an eminently readable new book by Prof. Petr Beckmann, "The Health Hazards of NOT Going Nuclear". Prof. Beckmann is an electrical engineer at the University of Colorado and publisher of the monthly newsletter "Access to Energy". On matters of energy sources, energy generation and energy distribution he is a certified expert. He has at his fingertips and in this book's instructive diagrams and tables the sum and substance of what is known about all the important sources of energy and their availability. If you think statistics is boring, you'll do a double-take after reading Prof. Beckmann's book.

Prof. Beckmann is not just a special pleader. He considers in detail the various arguments raised by environmentalists, so-called "public interest groups", nuclear scientists, economists, political geographers and others. Again and again you may conclude that some argument advanced against nuclear power weighs

decisively against it — terrorism, risk of nuclear accident, increased likelihood of radiation-induced cancer, etc. Then Prof. Beckmann marshals the facts and clobbers the anti-nukes.

Both Prof. Beckmann's tongue and wit are sharp. The book is dedicated "To Ralph Nader and all who worship the water he walks on". He writes scornfully of "insidious 'documentaries' by the TV networks that pretend to give a balanced view by balancing the truth against a lie". His analogies are often delightful, as when illustrating the nuclear opponents' technique of "the-truth-but-not-the-whole-truth insinuations" by counter-examples such as "last week, Walter Cronkite was sober for three straight days".

Prof. Beckmann puts nuclear power to every imaginable test: safety, waste disposal, pollution, possibilities of terrorism, economy, reliability, environmental impact. Nuclear power comes out ahead of fossil fuels, hydropower and solar energy, sometimes by large factors. Then why all the fuss about nuclear power? In Chapter 9, Prof. Beckmann has a few tart and revealing answers to that question too.

You think nuclear energy is too complicated for you to understand? Maybe it used to be, but not in the year 1 AB (After Beckmann). Prof. Beckmann's book is just plain fascinating.

LETTER TO THE EDITOR

I attended the "Kentucky Observance of International Women's Year" in Lexington June 10-12 not because I believe in "women's liberation" (to be liberated one must first be enslaved, and I've never been) but because I consider it important to find out what the enemy is up to. It was well worth my two dollars and my time.

It was clear from the start that the women who organized and ran the meeting had done the necessary preparation. Many things went on simultaneously, all smoothly and with competent leadership. The contrast between this kind of efficient operation and the ineptness of too many good people of good will was glaring. We can and must learn how to get things done, or we'll be steam-rollered and left for dead by those who are willing to "do their homework."

My deepest impression throughout the weekend was of an all-pervasive rage at men. It kept popping up in word and attitude. The women in the women's movement are furious, and they seem honestly to believe that their every problem from wife-battering to burnt toast is the direct result of careful and conscious plotting by men determined to keep women in subjection. It would not have surprised me to hear someone say that the physiological structure of the female body is one of men's proudest achievements! (But don't underestimate the effectiveness of such gimmickery. It has tremendous appeal. It's much easier to get mad at men than to remedy your own faults. Feeling downtrodden is much pleasanter than tugging at bootstraps. Complaining is more fun than improving. Why merit when you can demand?)

One of the most significant expressions of the hatred these women have for men is their determination to become "independent" of men. But it soon became clear that "independent of men" does not mean "independent." What it does mean is that government is expected to take over the duty of supporting individual women. Resolutions on real and fancied injustices were spawned thick and fast, and passed almost without exception, and

almost every one followed the pattern: "Whereas ...; and, Whereas ...; and, Whereas ...; Therefore, be it resolved: That government should form a commission; or appropriate some money; or enforce a law; or furnish assistance; or (at the very least) initiate a study." Is it merely coincidence that big-government funded this thing?

No one with any sense denies that there are real problems affecting women or that the organized action of women could alleviate them. For example, wife-beating, rape, economic inequities, and women suddenly widowed and unequipped to find or do any work. Such topics were touched, and even made the subjects of workshops. But they seemed to me to be only "window-dressing" to obscure the hard outlines of the real purpose of the whole tremendous organized effort: passage of e.r.a., making secure "our abortion rights", and the total destruction of all that is fine and decent in American womanhood. The thrust of workshops, speakouts, addresses, and meetings was on what "we" have a "right" to.

There was the expected amount of half-truth, clever use of words, catchwords and catch-phrases, and cheerful inconsistency. I often found myself remembering, "My mind's made up. Don't confuse me with the truth." These women believe not only what they have been told to believe but also what they want to believe. It's easy to laugh at them or to turn away. There were many women but very few ladies there, most of the latter being unwilling to have anything to do with the women's movement. But we dare not ignore this danger. It is another blatant grab for power by big government, and its troops are as committed and militant as any Crusader ever was. Turning the tide will require every bit every one of us can do, and we've made a very late start.

Sincerely,
(Mrs. Joseph C. Hayden)
Lexington, Kentucky

SHOULD IT BE LEGAL TO KILL WELFARE RECIPIENTS?

A gruesome question! But unfortunately, the answer is "It is!" Federal courts have declared that unborn children are persons eligible for welfare payments. As soon as a woman on welfare can establish her pregnancy, she is able to claim additional payments in the name of the unborn child.

Or she can abort it. In many cases, this can even be done at public expense. There is no avoiding the conclusion, then, that it is legal to kill certain welfare recipients.

If you recoil from the thought of killing actual welfare recipients, you must equally shrink from killing potential welfare recipients. In short, abortion is a barbarous and immoral act whether practiced by rich or poor.

No fine lines are possible — not between rich and poor, not between fourth and fifth month. Government's concern should be the protection of life, not the taking of it. The American Party platform states: "Government is obligated to protect the life of both mother and child and, if necessary, to protect the life of the child from the mother. A life may be taken according to the law only after conviction for a capital offense, or to save the mother's life."



VOTE AMERICAN

YOU CAN'T DO WRONG DOIN' RIGHT!

Paid for by the
Kentucky American '77 Campaign Committee
R. D. Sprester, Treasurer
Box 7082, Lexington, Ky. 40502

The AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky

Bulk Rate
U.S. Postage
PAID
Lexington, Ky.
Permit No. 298

THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN

THE OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

VOL. 6 NO. 5

OCTOBER — NOVEMBER 1977

25 CENTS

WOULD YOU LEND A STRANGER YOUR CHECK BOOK?

The voters of Kentucky will have a chance to determine on November 8, 1977, whether or not they wish to have a Constitutional Convention called for the purpose of re-writing the present constitution. If the call is approved, the convention will be unrestricted in the changes it can propose.

Unless you are one of those who believe in change merely for change's sake, you should ask why we need a new constitution for Kentucky. According to the Legislative Research Commission's Informational Bulletin No. 119 (November, 1976), p. 15: "The constitutional convention is used to update a constitution when revision is more extensive than is practical by amendments." Presumably, then, the proponents of a constitutional convention have in mind an "extensive" revision of the present constitution. It seems entirely fair, therefore, to ask what "extensive" revisions they intend to offer.

On this point they are conveniently vague. The present constitution is dismissed as "outmoded" for having been written in 1891. Need they be reminded that age alone is no disqualification either for wines or constitutions? The U.S. Constitution is more than a century older than Kentucky's and is still the grandest political charter in all history. Massachusetts' constitution dates from 1780. More than half the states of the union have constitutions older than Kentucky's. Some states which have recently adopted new constitutions (like neighboring Illinois, for example) are repenting at leisure.

A reasonable surmise may be made, however, as to what changes are coveted by the proponents of the convention. The LRC Bulletin alludes to a few of the presumed anachronisms of the present constitution:

. A \$500,000 debt limit for the state government. The American

Party of Kentucky is all in favor of this limit. The federal debt is more than enough for all of us.

. **Prohibition of lotteries.** Several states (such as Michigan and Illinois) have adopted state lotteries as devices to augment tax revenues. Such exploitation of human frailty — too often of those who cannot afford it — is a practice which has been condemned as gambling and therefore immoral in Judeo-Christian ethics. The American Party of Kentucky favors retention of such a prohibition.

. **Local tax rate limits.** Wouldn't it be nice if the federal and state governments were subject to tax rate limits?

. **No authorization for metro governments.** The sorry experience of metro government in Lexington-Fayette County (the Kentucky Constitution notwithstanding) as well as in Nashville, Miami, Indianapolis and elsewhere is a compelling argument in favor of this feature of the present constitution. The American Party of Kentucky opposes changing it.

So far, the proponents of a constitutional convention have no case. They plead for a convention, nevertheless, re-assuring us that if we don't like their handiwork, we can reject it. That argument has as much logic as getting married only because you can get a divorce; it's phony.

A final clue as to what a constitutional convention might lead to may be looked for in the records of those members of the state legislature who sponsored the enabling legislation. They include sponsors of land use bills, the so-called Equal Rights Amendment, forced busing, and collective bargaining for public employees. Giving them a chance to re-write the constitution is about as safe as lending a stranger your check book. The American Party of Kentucky thinks it would be folly.

OH SAY, DID YOU SEE. . .?

Kentucky's Gov. Julian Carroll has announced his support for the proposed treaty to give the Panama Canal to Marxist dictator Gen. Omar Torrijos. While serving as chairman of the Resolutions Committee at the recent Southern Governors' Conference, Gov. Carroll voted against a resolution to oppose the new treaty. Why, Governor?

The U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) is suing the Southwestern Baptist Seminary in Ft. Worth for failure to supply the federal bureaucrats with information on the number and salaries of its women and minority employees. So far, nothing has been heard from those who oppose voluntary prayers in the schools on grounds of separation of church and state.

The head of the Biology Department at Loyola University in Chicago has announced that he has cured mice of breast cancer by the use of the vitamin laetrile in conjunction with dietary regulation. The opponents of freedom of choice in medical treatment will no longer be able to claim "no clinical evidence".

Star of the recent Legislative Research Commission's hearings on laetrile was G. Edward Griffin, of Thousand Oaks, California, who testified in favor of making laetrile legal in Kentucky. Mr. Griffin is the author of a well-known book on the matter and serves on the American Party's national Speakers Bureau.

Gov. Julian Carroll appeared on television to defend the actions of the Kentucky Board of Education and its chairman, the Rev. Bob Brown of Lexington, in refusing accreditation to a number of Christian schools in Kentucky. The Governor stated that he could not allow any Kentucky children to attend unaccredited schools. Whose children are they, Governor?

The Carter administration's Secretary of Transportation Brock Adams is about to let a multi-million dollar contract to a Finnish shipyard to build sophisticated new cutters for the U.S. Coast Guard. Each ship will have \$10 million worth of the latest secret electronic gear. This represents a gift of 600 jobs and our latest secret military technology to a Communist satellite. Do you really believe the explanation could be just stupidity?

Secretary of State Cyrus Vance has admitted publicly that recognition of Communist China and the sell-out of Free China should not be undertaken until after the giveaway of Panama. It's a case of one betrayal at a time, we suppose.

Sign of the times: Voyager II, the deep-space satellite which will pay a visit to Jupiter and Saturn and then head for interstellar space, is equipped not only with the latest marvels of space age technology but also an identification plaque. Included on the plaque are drawings of a naked man and woman. Maybe the space shots ought to be rated X or PG.

The Kentucky Registry of Election Finance has received a protest from the Kentucky Business Political Action Committee concerning the legality of local school boards' making paycheck deductions on behalf of the Public Affairs Council of the Kentucky Education Association. The Council engages in political activity and is therefore barred by law, the protest argues, from receiving contributions from public corporations such as school boards.

A MONOPOLY — AND HOW TO BREAK IT

By Paul L. Poirot

The National Association of Letter Carriers has offered the people of the United States a cogent lesson in how to break a monopoly: Simply refuse to work for the monopolist!

It's a sad day in the "land of the free" when it comes to that: one monopolist squaring off against another to determine who shall rule. But there's no further dodging the facts. The United States today is not a land of the free. The United States Postal System is a gigantic monopoly. So is the Letter Carriers' union. Both are typical institutions of the Welfare State — or whatever else one chooses to call coercive collectivism. These are simply the forms that government takes when it becomes the instrument for plundering peaceful persons instead of protecting their lives and property.

A government that takes its orders from its letter carriers — those it puts in uniform to pass out relief checks and other goodies to the populace — is in grave danger of toppling. Other men in uniform must soon grasp the idea. It is a short step indeed from a letter carriers' strike to a general taxpayers' revolt. And who ever heard of a viable government that couldn't collect taxes?

The Ides of March 1970 strike by postal employees has ended, but the lessons it affords remain to be learned and remembered.

"Business" by Coercion

The first lesson: Monopoly is a bad form of business. To be more precise, monopoly is a form of coercion rather than a business-like attempt to satisfy customers. Let us not compound the confusion by referring to the United States Post Office as a business; it exists and operates exclusively upon the principle of coercion. Anyone refusing to use its facilities and deliveries is nonetheless compelled to help pay for them. Nor may anyone legally compete against the Post Office to render mail delivery service for willing customers.

Aside from this coercive intervention, there is no reason why mail delivery could not function like any other business, with open competition to determine who can best serve willing customers and determine how the job can be done with optimum use of scarce resources.

It needs to be added, perhaps, that a competitive postal business could not function effectively today if it were prohibited from using any means of transportation other than horse-drawn vehicles. Such a condition would simply be another form of monopoly, a grant of special coercive power to horses. By the same token, a competitive postal business cannot function effectively if confined to hiring from the closed membership of the National Association of Letter Carriers, the strength of which depends upon a monopoly of coercive power granted and upheld by the government.

A Perversion of Government

The second lesson: Establishing monopolies and defending them is an improper function of government. It should take no more than a second — or a second thought — for any person of good will toward his fellow man to realize that he stands a better chance of survival with no organized police force at all than under a force dedicated to plunder.

This is no appeal for anarchy. Excessive and growing governmental activity tends to discourage many devotees of the free market. And an increasing number of them assume illogically that the only corrective is no government at all — philosophical anarchy.

A logical case against government might be made if one believed that all men have perfect understanding plus the ability and the inclination to behave properly under all circumstances. Nor would government seem feasible if all men were presumed too evil to be trusted with policing powers.

If one believes, however, that men, though usually reasonable, are also capable of acting injuriously toward others and are prone to try it upon occasion, it then seems logical to defend oneself against this evil tendency. Thus, reasonable men will try to codify their rules of conduct, to "raise a standard to which the wise and honest can repair," and to organize their defensive forces to constitute the government of their society. Its sole, logical purpose would be to suppress any outbreak of violence, fraud, or coercive threat against the life or property of any peaceful person.

How Competitive Private Enterprise Serves Consumers

What we may learn, then, from the Letter Carriers is that open competition is far more likely than a monopoly to satisfy the wants of peaceful persons anxious to earn what they receive from others. And we may learn that the serviceableness of government to men of good will depends upon its limitation to a defensive function and a refusal to grant or to support monopoly privileges for any person or group.

To speculate on how the mail might be delivered by private enterprise, if anyone were free to try, would be foolish. No one now can possibly imagine what innovations might spring from the unrestricted imaginations of everyone in search of better ways to serve consumers. All that is required is a sufficient faith in the free market to abolish the government's present postal monopoly and open the door to competitors.

As for any dissatisfied letter carrier, he ought to be free to seek better employment opportunities anytime he chooses. There's no point in trying to hold a man to a wage contract if he thinks the wage is inadequate. Nor is there any point in putting him on pension or relief or unemployment compensation if he quits one job before he has another or better source of livelihood. Nor should anyone be under obligation to hold open for him the employment opportunity he has rejected; let other willing and capable applicants fill such positions at whatever wage is mutually agreeable to employer and employee. Repeal the minimum wage and other work laws that now prevent women and children, and perhaps some men, from earning as much as they are worth at delivering letters or otherwise serving willing customers.

Abolish these monopolies, open the market to competition, protect the lives and property of peaceful persons instead of granting the special privileges sought by some at the expense of (cont'd. on page 5)

SPECIAL OFFER

One year's subscription (6 issues) to

THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN
(\$1.50)

PLUS

One paperback copy of

M.W. BRAINARD'S
"THE MODERN CONSERVATIVE"
(\$1 Paperback)

A Handbook of Conservative
Thought and Action

A \$2.50 Value For Only

\$2

NAME _____

ADDRESS or RT. NO. _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP _____

Send to: The American Party of Kentucky,
Box 7082, Lexington, Kentucky 40502

CHARLEY WRIGHT'S TOWN & COUNTRY FURNITURE

U. S. 60 W

ASHLAND, KENTUCKY
Telephone 1-606-928-6461

Quality Auto Parts, Inc.

RT. 1, BOX 238
Sheridan — South Point, Ohio 45680

Auto, Truck and Motorcycle Parts
Largest Inventory In The Area

Across The Ohio River From Ashland, Kentucky

A MONOPOLY

—How To Break It

Cont. From Pg. 3

others. Let government attend to its proper function, and there need be no concern whatsoever about handling the mail in a businesslike manner, without strikes, slowdowns, breakdowns, or other senseless and interminable disruptions.

Other Areas of Application

Once we learn that mail delivery is the business of business rather than of government, perhaps the lesson may also be applied in other areas now largely monopolized such as hospital service and medical care, education, certain branches of agriculture, various aspects of transportation and communication, some cultural and recreational facilities — yes, even those remnants of protectionism that still hang on to give all business activities a bad image.

But, if citizens persist in demanding of government all sorts of services for which police power is unnecessary and incompetent, then more and more chaos such as the postal strike may be expected. And if history tells us anything, we ought to know that the people, in desperation, eventually will turn to a dictator to restore order.

(The preceding article is reprinted with grateful acknowledgment from the Freeman of June, 1970 by kind permission of the Foundation for Economic Education.)

WE SAW IT COMING!

(The following Commentary was broadcast on June 24, 1975 over Radio Station WBLG in Lexington. We think it is even more pertinent today and deserves reprinting here.)

One of the issues which Kentuckians will be called upon to decide in this year's election is the question of public employees' right to collective bargaining. Some public employees and their representatives are already pressing for a law to require state and municipal governments to bargain with public employee unions. If such a law were passed, the governor, mayors, and school boards would be compelled to negotiate with representatives of public employee unions concerning pay, fringe benefits, and working conditions.

This would place public officials elected by the citizens of the state, a city, or a school district at the mercy of union bosses elected by a relatively small number of public employees. If the demands of the union are not met, the schools will be without teachers or a city will be deprived of police and fire protection, garbage collection, or some other essential service. If the demands of the union are met, then taxes must be increased accordingly. In either case, the voters no longer control the government — union bosses or some appointed arbitrator do.

Some will say that this result can be avoided by a no-strike law. Such laws are dead letters. Remember the New York City garbage strike or transit strike? New York has a no-strike law. Public employee strikes in New York City are a contributing cause to that city's impending financial bankruptcy and a direct cause of its record high taxes.

Some also say that collective bargaining is inevitable. If collective bargaining for public employees is wrong, then this amounts to saying that wrong will eventually prevail. Are you willing to agree to that?

The citizens of Kentucky should not relinquish to anyone the ultimate control over the taxing power. It would mean the end of representative government.

CALENDAR

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 4, 7:30 P.M.: Jefferson County American Party regular monthly meeting at Lynnview Community Center, Gilmore Lane off Preston Highway, south of I-64.

SUNDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1:30 P.M.: Regular meeting of the State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky at the Royal Feast Smorgasbord, 4160 Bardstown Road, Beuchel (about two miles south of Watterson Expressway in Louisville).

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 22, 8:30 A.M.: Sixth District American Party breakfast at Perkins Cake and Steak House, 729 Limestone Street, Lexington.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 7:30 P.M.: Jefferson County American Party regular monthly meeting at Lynnview Community Center, Gilmore Lane off Preston Highway, south of I-264.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 6:00 A.M. to 6:00 P.M.: Election Day. Vote for American Party candidates and against the Constitutional Convention.

SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1:30 P.M.: Regular monthly meeting of the State Central Committee of the American Party of Kentucky at 3493 Castleton Way North, Lexington. For further details, call (606) 272-2659.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 8:30 A.M.: Sixth District American Party breakfast at Perkins Cake and Steak House, 729 Limestone Street, Lexington.

BOX SCORE

Representatives Hubbard, Natcher, Mazzoli, Breckinridge and Perkins voted to increase the appropriations of the meddlesome, pernicious Occupational Safety and Health Administration which has been driving up small businesses' costs and putting many out of business by forcing unnecessary and ridiculous "safety" measures. Reps. Snyder and Carter voted to cut the OSHA budget.

Both Senators Huddleston and Ford voted not to deny U.S. loans or financial assistance to such Communist dictatorships as Vietnam, Cuba, Laos and Cambodia, all of which brutally flout human rights.

Reps. Natcher, Mazzoli, Snyder, Breckinridge and Perkins voted to expand the federal bureaucracy by creating a Department of Energy to compound the government-created energy crisis. Reps. Hubbard and Carter missed the chance to vote against H.R. 6804.

Both Senators Ford and Huddleston voted for a \$20 billion boondoggle to create more government jobs. Their votes to the federal debt and to inflation.

Every one of Kentucky's representatives voted more funds for the Arms Control and Disarmament Agency which is run by Director Paul Warnke, formerly a registered agent of the Communist government of Algeria. Mr. Warnke's Agency has been a major factor in helping the Soviets achieve alarming military superiority over the U.S. in the past several years.

SHOULD WE PAY FRANCE TO TAKE BACK LOUISIANA?

No? Then why should we pay Panama to take back the Canal Zone and the Panama Canal? The Panama Canal and Canal Zone are as much American territory as Louisiana, yet the Carter administration is frantically trying to whip up support for ratification of a new treaty that would pay the Marxist Panamanian regime to take the Canal off our hands.

Administration spokesmen and leftist propagandists peddle the line that the Panama Canal is of no importance militarily or commercially. Emphatically not so, say four former Chiefs of Naval Operations — professionals who are beyond reach of the presidential gag Jimmy Carter has applied to other forthright high - ranking military men. Besides, would Panama want an unimportant Canal? You can bet not.

Don't President Carter, Governor Carroll and assorted members of the U.S. Senate have duties to perform which are less detrimental to American interests than trying to give away vital U.S. territory? The American Party says that such actions give aid and comfort to our Communist enemies. The U.S. Constitution defines that to be treason.

What do you call it?



VOTE AMERICAN YOU CAN'T DO 'WRONG DOIN' RIGHT!

Paid for by the
Kentucky American '77 Campaign Committee
R. D. Sprester, Treasurer
Box 7082, Lexington, Ky. 40502

The AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky

Bulk Rate
U.S. Postage
PAID
Lexington, Ky.
Permit No. 298

THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN

THE OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

VOL.6 NO. 6

DECEMBER 77 - JANUARY 78

25 CENTS

OUR FARM PROBLEM: SOME FOOD FOR THOUGHT

by Matthew W. Krogdahl

Farmers all across the country are engaging in mass demonstrations and withholding their crops from the market to draw attention to their worsening financial condition. They point out that while the prices they get for agricultural commodities have remained relatively stable, the prices they pay for their inputs — equipment, fertilizer, etc. — have skyrocketed. A combine that cost \$14,500 in 1972 now costs \$26,800; a tractor that sold for \$16,500 in 1975 now costs \$22,500, and so on. How has this situation come about and what is the solution?

A combination of factors has contributed to the problem, and they cannot all be seen by focusing exclusively on the agricultural policies of the federal government. It must be realized that the troubles of American farmers stem from governmental monetary and labor policies as well as agricultural policy.

Inflation

The trend toward higher and higher prices for most products can be traced directly to the government's continual increase of the quantity of money and credit. There can be no other cause. Democrats and Republicans in Washington try to blame businessmen, consumers, foreign oil exporters and each other for our inflationary ills, engendering hostility and conflict among the various social groups. But for political reasons, they keep silent about the continued monetary expansion by the Federal Reserve which causes these ills.

Inflation affects all of us, but not in the same way or to the same degree: there are gainers and losers from inflation. Inflation transfers wealth to those who first receive the newly created money, through government payments or bank loans, whose incomes then rise before the prices of what they buy have been bid up significantly. It transfers wealth away from those whose incomes rise only later in the process, or not at all, those who are thus faced with higher prices for what they buy before their incomes have risen.

Most farmers are certainly in the category of losers from inflation. Inflation has tended to raise the prices of the industrial products they must buy much faster than the prices of what they sell.

Farmers therefore have a particularly strong interest in putting a stop to the continual expansion of the quantity of money and credit, which is insidiously draining their pocketbooks and has been doing so for decades. Of the three political parties, it is only the American Party which dares to identify and proclaim monetary expansion as the cause of our inflation and to demand a halt to it.

Federal Intervention in Agriculture

For decades, now, agricultural productivity has been increasing at a rapid rate through better application of fertilizer, improved strains of seed and increasing mechanization. On some large farms which have been completely mechanized and are operated along mass production lines, it requires only a small fraction of the amount of labor that it did a few years ago. This increase in agricultural productivity frees many farm laborers for the production of more of other products and thereby raises our potential total production. Thus a rural migration to urban areas has been a feature of American life for decades and is a natural accompaniment to our progress in agriculture.

But for over 40 years the government has attempted to counteract the progress in agricultural productivity by supporting farm prices and imposing acreage quotas to restrict the supply of farm produce. These interventions are not only costing consumer-taxpayers an estimated \$10 billion per year (\$200 for every American family), but have tended to keep more workers on the farms, where their labor is less urgently needed, when they could have been contributing to industrial production of those products most in demand by consumers. The government's intervention has thus had the effect of raising the cost of both manufactured and farm products above what it could have been. A phaseout of acreage restrictions and price supports will ensure that an optimum number of the highest - efficiency farms remain in production (and independent of the government) to supply our agricultural needs; at the same time it will encourage the utilization of labor in those lines of production which satisfy consumers best.

(Con't. on page 5)

LIFE of the PARTY

Kentucky Delegation Attends National Committee Meeting in Savannah

The American Party of Kentucky sent six delegates and three proxies to the semiannual meeting of the National Committee in Savannah, Georgia, on December 1-2. The six were Anthony A. McCord, Mrs. Anne Hembree, Mrs. June Porter, Drs. W. S. and Margaret Krogdahl, all of Lexington, and W. Ed Parker of Louisville.

Among the highlights of the meeting were a panel discussion on political action and detailed reports on the November pro-family rally in Houston, for which American Party ladies from many states were organizers and promoters.

National Chairman Tom Anderson announced his resignation in six months. He said he was serving notice so that there would be ample time to decide upon his successor.

American Party Candidates Make Excellent Showings in November Race

Anthony McCord, American Party candidate for the Kentucky House in the 77th Legislative District, and Ken Howard, American

Party candidate for County Judge of Owen County, demonstrated again the voters' growing acceptance of the American Party in the recent election. McCord got 12 per cent against a Democratic opponent, nearly double the percentage points over his race the previous year. Ken Howard, in his first election try, exceeded 25 per cent, bettering George Wallace's 1968 vote in Owen County by nearly three points. Gratz precinct gave him 45 per cent and Bromley 38. McCord received 22 per cent in Keys and 18 in Lane Allen.

Both candidates wish to express their thanks to their many campaign workers and friends.

Next State Meeting in Elizabethtown

All friends of the American Party in Kentucky are cordially invited to the next meeting of the State Central Committee, to be held at the Holiday Inn North in Elizabethtown on Sunday, January 15. A buffet dinner is set for 1:30 p.m. (EST), to be followed by the business session and program. New district officers will be introduced and several American Party Congressional candidates will make announcements of their plans to run.

AN OPEN LETTER TO SEN. FORD

The following letter was sent to Kentuckians by Sen. Ford:

Dear Fellow Kentuckian:

I have your expression of opposition to the proposed new Panama Canal Treaty and I appreciate your taking the time to let me know your feelings. However, there are two things that bother me, should the Senate fail to ratify the treaty, and I would like your opinion on them.

First, the one group in Panama solidly opposed to the treaty is the Castros. United States domination of the Canal is the left wing radical groups' one big reason for the people of Panama to go with them. Right now they are out in the streets agitating against it.

Since I have been in the Senate, I have found that anytime the communists were for something, I was against it. Here is my concern: what should I say when people tell me that I am playing into the hands of the communists by voting against the Panama Canal treaty?

Second, the terrain on both sides of the Canal is dense jungle very similar to that of Vietnam. When the treaty is defeated and a military conflict results, how many American troops do you think we should send to Panama to defend the Canal?

I have always said that Kentuckians are among the most patriotic, common sense people in America. I have also always felt that when our government has a tough problem, we should look to the people for the answer.

I know these are hard questions, but I sincerely hope you will take the time to think about them and let me know how you feel.

Best wishes.

Sincerely,

Wendell H. Ford

Dear Senator Ford:

Your letter of October 10, 1977, invites the reactions of your constituents concerning ratification of the Panama Canal treaties. This is, therefore, an open letter which we believe expresses the reactions of an overwhelming majority of the voters of the Commonwealth.

You ask: "What should I say when people tell me that I am playing into the hands of the Communists by voting against the Panama Canal treaty?" It's very simple, Senator. Tell them that such opposition as the Communists may have is entirely on the grounds that the Panamanian takeover is supposed to be gradual. They are not satisfied with less than "instant Canal".

Tell them that the Communist opposition is fundamentally a sham maneuver to disarm naive American voters and some of their equally naive Senators. Panamanian Dictator Omar Torrijos Herrera has been a Communist at least from the age of 14. He has made a career out of playing the anti-communist opposition for suckers by pretending to oppose Communism. His cousins Edison and Nitido Herrera trained in Communist Cuba back in 1963. Another member of the Torrijos family, Vice President Gerardo Vernaza, is an active member of the Panamanian Communist Party. Cousin Roberto Herrera, Executive Secretary of the National Guard, has been a card-carrying Marxist since he was a teenager.

Lt. Col. Manuel Noriega, Marxist head of Panama's secret police, works closely with Castro's agents. His brother Luis belongs

to the Panamanian Communist Party and is President of Panama's Electoral Tribunal.

Torrijos' brother-in-law, Marcelino Jaen, is a member of the Central Committee of the Panamanian Communist Party as well as President of the National Legislative Commission.

Dictator Torrijos' brother Moises is another member of the Central Committee of the Panamanian Communist Party as well as a known trafficker in hard drugs. The list could go on and on.

Tell you questioners, Senator, that you just can't believe that Omar Torrijos is the only Communist in Panama who wants the new treaty ratified.

You ask Kentuckians: "How many American troops do you think we should send to Panama to defend the Canal?" We think as many troops should be sent to Panama as would be sent to Owensboro if Omar Torrijos demands Daviess County. Should Owensboro be defended only because there is no Vietnam-type dense jungle in the vicinity? Don't you think that ratifying the new Panama treaty because of threat of guerrilla warfare would be paying blackmail? The Kentuckians in whose patriotism and common sense you have such confidence think so. We call on you and Sen. Huddleston to oppose the ridiculous and disastrous new Panama treaty with your vote and your every influence.

BOX SCORE

Congressional Pay Raise (HR 7932): Representatives Mazzoli, Carter and Perkin, voted not to refuse it.

Mandatory air bags (S. Con. Res. 31): Senators Huddleston and Ford voted to sustain Transportation Secretary Brock Adams' edict to require air bags on all new cars by 1984.

Increased minimum wage (HR 3744): Senators Huddleston and Ford along with Representatives Natcher, Mazzoli, Breckinridge and Perkins voted to increase the legal minimum wage to \$3.30 by 1981. Nobel prize-winning economist Dr. Milton Friedman describes such laws as "the most anti-Negro law on our statute books" because they create permanent unemployment among unskilled workers, especially blacks and young people.

Social Security taxes (HR 9346): Representatives Hubbard, Natcher, Mazzoli, Snyder, Carter, Breckinridge and Perkins joined Senators Ford and Huddleston in voting a \$213 billion ten-year increase in Social Security taxes. New workers will pay several times as much in taxes as they will receive after retirement.

Legal Services Corporation (S. 1303): Senators Huddleston and Ford voted to pour another \$250 million down the Legal Services Corporation rathole. The LSC has used tax money to promote rent strikes, homosexual "rights", and racial job quotas.

Federal Election Commission (HR 6936): Representatives Hubbard, Natcher, Mazzoli, Snyder, Carter, Breckinridge and Perkins voted over \$8 million more to continue the scandal-ridden Federal Election Commission. FEC Commissioner Tiernan is currently being charged with violation of federal election laws in his own congressional campaign of 1974.

Financing of Congressional campaigns (S. 926): Senators Huddleston and Ford supported S. 926 to use federal tax funds to finance congressional campaigns, their own included. At the same time, they voted against an amendment to S. Con. Res. 43 which would have reduced the staggering \$395 billion federal budget by \$11.4 billion.

SPECIAL OFFER

One year's subscription (6 issues) to

THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN (\$1.50)

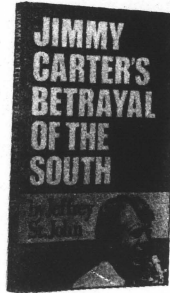
PLUS

Jimmy Carter's Betrayal Of The South

\$1.75

BY JEFFREY ST. JOHN
Paperbound, 176 pages, Green Hill Publishers

Emmy Award-winning Jeffrey St. John reveals "the other side of Jimmy Carter" in this explosive expose. How the Democratic National Committee and Carter conspired to destroy George Wallace. What the Union bosses plan for the South. The Carter Style ("talk conservative, act liberal"). Carter's plan for an "Imperial Presidency." The rigged polls. And much, much more.



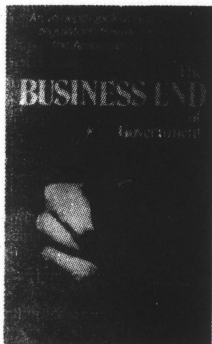
A \$3²⁵ Value
For Only
\$2

NAME _____

ADDRESS or RT. NO. _____

CITY _____ STATE _____ ZIP _____

SEND TO: The American Party of Kentucky
Box 7082, Lexington, Kentucky 40502



Paperbound \$1.00

The most serious threat to American business and industry is not foreign competition, rising costs, or declining markets. It is the crippling effect and costly results of arbitrary and unreasonable federal regulations and controls.

There has been a feeling that, in America, it is simply impossible to kill or even slow down the industrial goose that lays the golden eggs . . . But, today, the goose may well be in the oven . . .

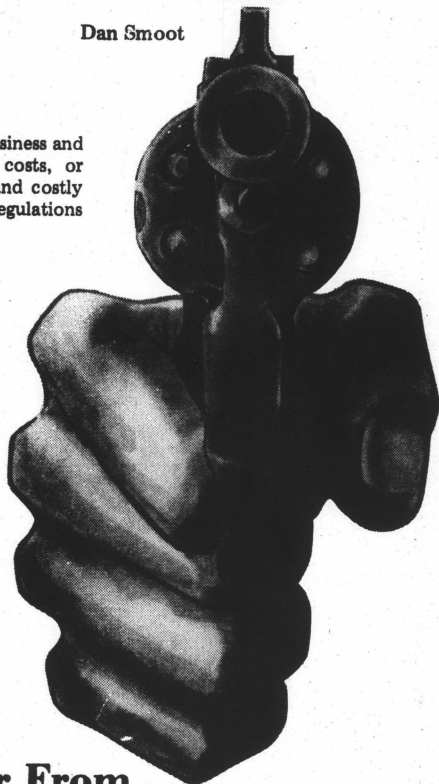
-- Dan Smoot

Chapters:

Railroading The Public
Trustbusting
Unions And Labor
The Fourth Branch: Regulation
Harassment: The OSHA Syndrome
The FDA Con Game
Farming And Framing The Taxpayers
Federal Form Pollution
A Can Of Legal Worms
The Price Of 600 Birds
Yardsticks And Clubs
Cleaning Up And Trussing Up
Is The Goose In The Oven?

The BUSINESS END of Government

Dan Smoot



Order From
American Opinion
Bookstore

P. O. BOX 7075 / LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40602

OH, SAY DID YOU SEE...?

In Oklahoma City, federal District Judge Luther Bohanon has enjoined the Food and Drug Administration from interfering with the use of the vitamin laetrile by cancer patients or their physicians. The Illinois legislature has overridden Gov. Thomson's veto of a bill to legalize laetrile in that state. A California state appellate court has declared unconstitutional a law forbidding the sale or use of laetrile.

A task force from the federal Department of Health, Education and Welfare is advocating contraceptives and birth control devices for teenagers, with or without parental consent. There are about 600,000 teenage pregnancies annually.

Democratic National Committee Chairman Kenneth Curtis, former Governor of Maine, has resigned his chairmanship because it's "a lousy job".

Secretary of the Interior Cecil Andrus has announced plans to enforce provisions of a 1902 Reclamation Act which would compel farmers west of the Mississippi to reduce the size of their farms to 160 acres if they use any water from federal irrigation projects.

OUR FARM PROBLEM

cont. from pg. 1

Labor Restrictionism

But how, it may be asked, can working people whose labor is no longer urgently needed to satisfy our agricultural needs be employed in industry when we already have over six percent of our work force unemployed? If there is no prospect of jobs off the farm, how can price supports be phased out without throwing farmers onto welfare? This is a fair and vital question. To find the answer requires that we first identify the causes of our persistent unemployment.

First, present labor law enables union labor to monopolize the jobs in many important industries (automobiles, steel, etc.) and exclude all other workers from the choicest jobs. Other workers are then forced to compete for the less desirable and lower - paid jobs that are left. Second, legally enforced and union - backed minimum wage restrictions prevent the least skilled laborers, especially younger ones with little or no training, from being hired for those jobs in which they would be able to contribute sufficiently to make them worth hiring.

This type of exclusive labor policy injures the majority of workers (over three fourths of the whole labor force) against whom it discriminates to benefit a privileged minority of less than one quarter of all working people. It also prevents the smooth absorption of workers from the farms into other more productive and better paid jobs. The American Party recognizes the need for the reform of labor laws which bar free and equal access to jobs for the majority of workers, reform that will open up job alternatives to hard - pressed farmers.

The American Party believes that the combination of policies outlined here form the basis of the only permanent and co-operative solution to the problems of the farm community in particular and to the nation's economy in general.

(Matthew Krogdahl is a graduate student in Economics at New York University.)

During his first year in office, Pres. Jimmy Carter kept his promise to streamline the federal government by adding 22,401 federal employees. In this same period, the national debt increased by \$60 billion. You don't suppose Jimmy lied to us during the campaign, do you?

The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) recently hired John Froines, one of the infamous Chicago Seven tried for conspiracy to incite violence at the Democratic National Convention in Chicago in 1968. Froines styles himself a revolutionary and declares he has not changed his radical political views. Another Chicago Seven co-defendant, Jerry Rubin, has admitted that "The prosecution ... said we were guilty. And you know what? We were. ... Guilty as charged." John Froines is the new OSHA Director of the Office of Toxic Substances. Part of your taxes is used to pay him.

Pres. Jimmy Carter's chief national security adviser, foreign - born Zbigniew Brzezinski, says: "Marxism represents a further vital creative stage in the maturing of man's universal vision. Marxism ... is a victory of reason over belief." It is our belief that Brzezinski has lost his reason.

CALENDAR

TUESDAY, JANUARY 3: 7:30 P.M., Jefferson County American Party regular monthly meeting at Lynnview Community Center, Gilmore Lane off Preston Highway, south of I-264.

SUNDAY, JANUARY 15: 1:30 P.M., regular monthly meeting of the State Central Committee at Holiday Inn North, Elizabethtown.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 28: 8:30 A.M., Sixth District American Party breakfast Howard Johnson's, 2270 South Nicholasville Road, Lexington.

TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 7: 7:30 P.M., Jefferson County American Party regular monthly meeting at Lynnview Community Center, Gilmore Lane off Preston Highway south of I-264.

SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 19: 1:30 P.M., regular monthly meeting of the State Central Committee at 3493 Castleton Way North, Lexington.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 25: 8:30 A.M., Sixth District American Party breakfast at Howard Johnson's, 2270 South Nicholasville Road, Lexington.

All persons interested in the American Party are welcome to attend any of the above meetings.

THERMAL EQUIPMENT SALES, INC.

612 BIZZELL DRIVE

LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY 40504 TELEPHONE (606) 225-9665

**MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVES
FOR
QUALITY HEATING AND AIR CONDITIONING EQUIPMENT**

COMPLETE SERVICE AND PARTS

SERVING KENTUCKY AND SOUTHERN INDIANA

CHARLEY WRIGHT'S TOWN & COUNTRY FURNITURE

U. S. 60 W

**ASHLAND, KENTUCKY
Telephone 1-606-928-6461**

AMERICAN PARTY STAND PRESENTED TO HEW OFFICIALS

Officials of the federal Department of Health, Education and Welfare held hearings at the University of Kentucky on October 18 for the announced purpose of sampling public opinion on a proposed national health insurance program. Among those making statements was Dr. W. S. Krogdahl of Lexington, speaking on behalf of the American Party of Kentucky and its Legislative Action Committee.

The American Party stand on national health insurance was read to national, regional and local representatives of HEW at the Steak and Ale restaurant, to which the HEW officials had adjourned for cocktails an hour prior to the time of the appointment previously arranged for Dr. Krogdahl.

The following is the statement of the American Party position:

"I am speaking on behalf of the Legislative Action Committee of the American Party of Kentucky as well as for myself. The American Party of Kentucky takes a position identical with that in the 1976 American Party Presidential Campaign Platform, to wit:

"HEALTH CARE: Not only does the federal government have no Constitutional authority for general health care programs, but experience has already demonstrated that such programs are inefficient, slow, wasteful, and corruption - prone. Federal health care programs should be phased out while at the same time private medical insurance and hospitalization plans should be encouraged.

...

"With the grim examples of state - directed medical programs available to us in Canada and Europe, we oppose any similar trend toward socialized medicine in this country."

As this statement emphasizes, we believe that all insurance programs should be handled by private companies. Government has no place in such enterprises and operates them in a manner which would be both illegal and immoral if practiced by private companies. The most notorious case in point is the OASDI, otherwise known as Social Security. It is and always has been actuarially unsound. It is a bad bargain for those not already receiving benefits. It is maintained at great cost by a process of transfer payments which at bottom are merely confiscation and involuntary redistribution of income. Its mandatory nature and the fact that the President and the Congress are exempt are a clear measure of its undesirability; private programs are far more attractive.

With such precedents set by the very persons and institutions who now propose to force national health insurance on us, we in the American Party of Kentucky will oppose such a program by every means at our disposal."

On December 2, HEW Secretary Joseph A. Califano, Jr. said he has decided that the United States is not yet ready for national health insurance.

A Convenient COUNTRY STORE

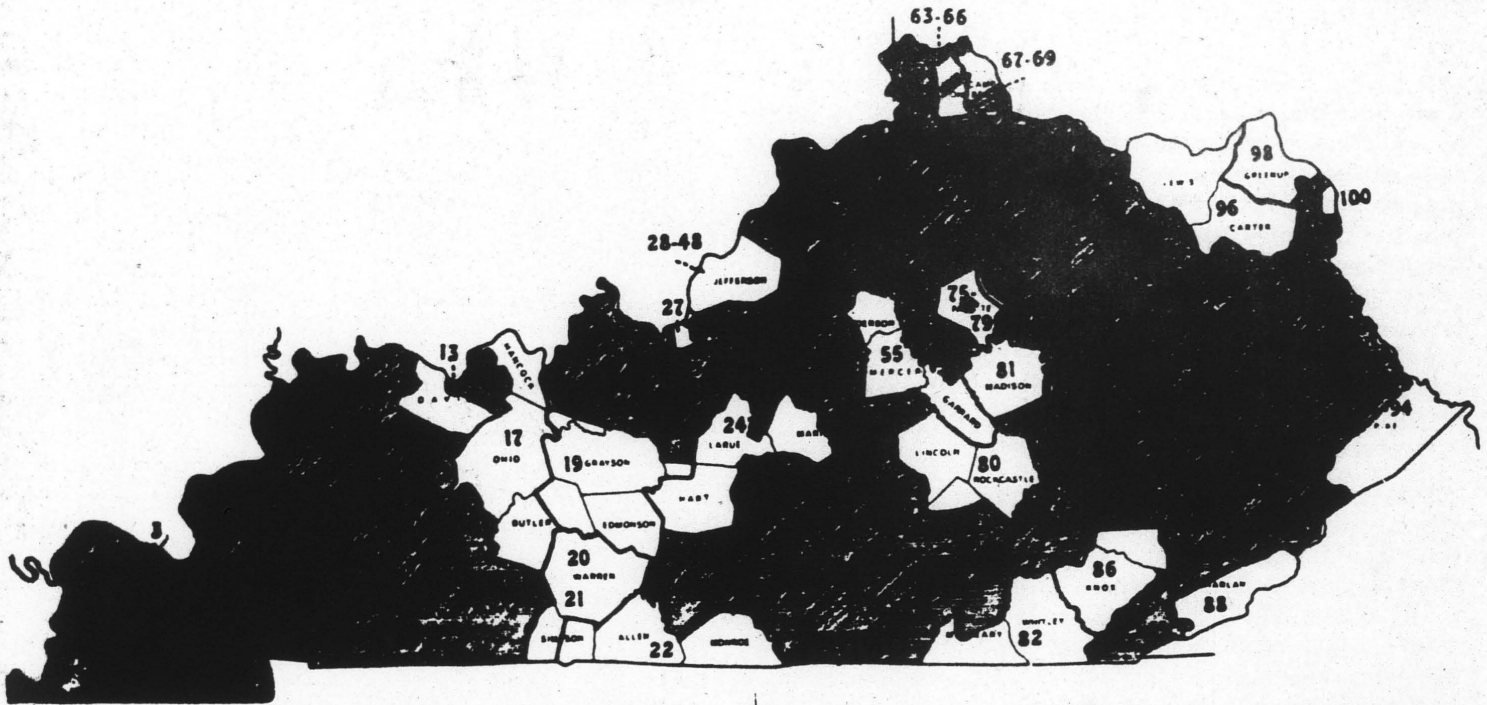
in the Blue Grass

CROSSROADS MARKET

at

**Centerville, Rt. 1, Paris, Kentucky 40361
Jewell G. Addison, Prop.
(606) 987-9903**

DO YOU FAVOR THE ONE-PARTY SYSTEM?



A clear majority of the new Kentucky Legislature is composed of Representatives and Senators who were unopposed in the November general election. A single vote — their own, for example — was enough to elect them; any additional votes were superfluous. This is how 54 of the 100 members of the House and 19 of the 38 members of the Senate attained their exalted station as the makers of the laws of the Commonwealth.

The map above shows those districts from which unopposed House members were elected. In those areas indicated by shading, the voters of at most one party had any say in who would represent them; in effect, independents and voters of the other party were disenfranchised. There was no need to discuss taxes, busing, public employee unions, rescinding ERA, education, public welfare or any

of the other issues upon which the legislature will be called to act.

The Republicans and the Democrats have virtually declared that they consider the issues of the day to be irrelevant. Neither party has principles or program which it considers worth defending before the electorate whether or not there is good prospect of winning office. Both are intellectually and morally bankrupt. They both see elections solely in terms of factional advantage.

The American Party of Kentucky thinks otherwise. We appeal to the citizens of Kentucky to help us find, promote and elect candidates to public office who define clearly their conception of the major issues and who indicate in definite terms what they think is the morally right and effective way to deal with those issues. Will you help us? We'd like your active support in this vital matter.

YOU CAN'T DO WRONG DOIN' RIGHT!

The AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY
Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky

Bulk Rate
U.S. Postage
PAID
Lexington, Ky.
Permit No. 298

THE KENTUCKY AMERICAN

THE OFFICIAL PUBLICATION OF THE AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

VOL. 7 NO. 3

AUGUST - SEPTEMBER '78

25 CENTS

INFLATION IN ONE PAGE

by Henry Hazlitt

A correspondent, heading a group of "Inflation Fighters," recently sent me a one-page typewritten summary of their case against inflation, and asked for my opinion of it. The statement was sincere and well-intentioned, but as with the great bulk of what is being written about inflation, it was confused in both its analysis and its recommendations.

I wrote approving his effort to "do something," and approving also his idea of trying to state the cause and cure for inflation on a single page, but suggested the following substitute statement:

Cause and Cure of Inflation

1. Inflation is an increase in the quantity of money and credit. Its chief consequence is soaring prices. Therefore inflation — if we misuse the term to mean the rising prices themselves — is caused solely by printing more money. For this the government's monetary policies are entirely responsible.
2. The most frequent reason for printing more money is the existence of an unbalanced budget. Unbalanced budgets are caused by extravagant expenditures which the government is unwilling or unable to pay for by raising corresponding tax revenues. The excessive expenditures are mainly the result of government efforts to redistribute wealth and income — in short, to force the productive to support the unproductive. This erodes the working incentives of both the productive and the unproductive.
3. The causes of inflation are not, as so often said, "multiple and complex," but simply the result of printing too much money. There is no such thing as "cost-push" inflation. If, without an increase in the stock of money, wage or other costs are forced up, and producers try to pass these costs along by raising their selling

prices, most of them will merely sell fewer goods. The result will be reduced output and loss of jobs. Higher costs can only be passed along in higher selling prices when consumers have more money to pay the higher prices.

4. Price controls cannot stop or slow down inflation. They always do harm. Price controls simply squeeze or wipe out profit margins, disrupt production, and lead to bottlenecks and shortages. All government price and wage control, or even "monitoring," is merely an attempt by the politicians to shift the blame for inflation on to producers and sellers instead of their own monetary policies.

5. Prolonged inflation never "stimulates" the economy. On the contrary, it unbalances, disrupts, and misdirects production and employment. Unemployment is mainly caused by excessive wage rates in some industries, brought about either by extortionate union demands, by minimum wage laws (which keep teenagers and the unskilled out of jobs), or by prolonged and over-generous unemployment insurance.

6. To avoid irreparable damage, the budget must be balanced at the earliest possible moment, and not in some sweet by-and-by. Balance must be brought about by slashing reckless spending, and not by increasing a tax burden that is already undermining incentives and production.

Reprinted with thanks
from *The Freeman* of
May, 1978, pp. 276-277.

LLOYD ROGERS TO BE HONORED AT DINNER

The Citizens for Rogers Committee has announced that a dinner in honor of Lloyd K. Rogers of Cold Spring, American Party candidate for U.S. Representative from Kentucky's Sixth Congressional District, will be held on Saturday, September 16, 1978, at 6:30 p.m. (EDT) at the Springs Motel, 2020 Harrodsburg Road in Lexington.

The dinner is to be buffet style. Guests will have an opportunity to meet Mr. Rogers and his charming wife Blanche in person. The candidate will summarize his position on various important issues and answer questions from the guests present. One of the guests of honor will be American Party Senatorial candidate Anthony McCord of Lexington.

One feature of the evening's program will be a showing of the American Party's new filmstrip "What Two-Party System?". Tickets are \$15 per person or \$25 per couple. Reservations should be made no later than September 12 by sending a check or money order to Citizens for Rogers, Box 7082, Lexington 40502 or by calling the American Party of Kentucky at (606) 272-2659.

RUFUS SHACKELFORD TO BE FEATURED AT McCORD DINNER

Rufus Shackelford, National Chairman of the American Party, will be the honored guest and featured speaker at a dinner to be given on Thursday, October 5, 1978, in Louisville on behalf of the American Party's senatorial candidate Anthony McCord of Lexington. The dinner will be at 6:30 p.m. (EDT) at the Holiday Inn Central, Newburg Road and Watterson Expressway in Louisville.

Mr. Shackelford, the nation's largest tomato grower, with farms in Florida, Texas and California, will be making a special visit to Kentucky to highlight the importance of supporting American Party candidates against the incumbent major party wheelers and dealers. Democratic Senator Huddleston's Panama giveaway vote is being made a special target by Anthony McCord.

Tickets are \$25 per couple or \$15 per person. Reservations are advised by October 2 by writing Citizens for McCord at 9800 Tiverton Way, Louisville, Kentucky 40222 or calling (502) 425-3619.

CARTER AVENUE CAR WASH

2558 CARTER AVENUE
ASHLAND, KENTUCKY
41101
TELEPHONE 325-7959

"WE BELIEVE IN GOOD GOVERNMENT
AND CLEAN CARS"

OH, SAY DID YOU SEE...?

The Soviets conduct "medical experiments" on World War II prisoners on Wrangell Island, part of the State of Alaska. Yes, Alaska! The State Department has OK'd the deal by signing a protocol agreement for biological research on the island's fauna and flora. How's that for your taxes at work?

HEW Secretary Califano admits that his department alone wasted \$67 billion last year. Reminds us of the unsteady toper who was asked if he drank quite a bit. "Nope," he replied. "I spill most of it."

Our brilliant "leaders" have announced that they are taking steps to strengthen the dollar in international trade by selling some of our gold. That makes about as much sense as curing a bourbon hangover with vodka.

The U.S. Justice Department is threatening to sue Brigham Young University if it persists in providing only segregated dorms for its men and women students. First, the federal government required the Mormons to renounce polygamy. Now they're trying to force them to accept cohabitation.

Senator "Dee" Huddleston is sponsoring a Pothole relief Bill. We hope the Senator will throw himself into his work.

Pres. Carter says that "it is a myth that the Government itself can stop inflation". The Government and the Government alone is the cause of inflation — not businessmen, not labor unions, not housewives, not doctors — just Government. So Government CAN stop inflation. No one else can. Jimmy wouldn't lie to us, would he?

Communist KGB agent Wilfred Burchett, posing as an Australian journalist, has spent the past academic year touring American college campuses. He has no trouble getting in and out of the U.S. On the other hand, anti-Communist Rhodesian journalist Dr. Ian Anderson has been denied a visitor's visa for the few days needed to attend the World Anticommunist League's convention in Washington. Aren't you glad we're so well protected from dangerous foreigners?

One of the last acts of New York Rep. Edward Koch before being elected Mayor of Fun City was to introduce into Congress a "gay rights" bill. Co-sponsoring the bill with Hizzoner was Rep. Fred

Richmond, who has recently confessed to soliciting sex from two young men. Now pervert Richmond is begging his constituents for "understanding and compassion". What he needs is a job making little rocks out of big ones.

In the last few weeks of the coal strike, the taxpayers were shelling out \$13 million per month in Food Stamps to help the miners keep the strike going.

Remember the Pueblo! The U.S. Navy's electronic ship is now a propaganda museum in the harbor at Wonsan, North Korea.

The same U.S. Senate which gave away the American Canal in Panama recently passed a \$2.6 billion waterways construction bill which contains an \$8 million authorization for a feasibility study of a new sea-level canal across Panama. We recommend a saliva test for the 80 Senators who voted for it.

Pres. Jimmy Carter does not "favor tuition tax credits under any circumstances" for parents who send their children to private schools. Another campaign promise down the drain. "If ever I tell a lie, if I ever mislead you, if I ever betray a trust or confidence, I want you to come and take me out of the White House." Are you ready, Jimmy?

Our new Ambassador to Brazil is State Department career officer Robert Sayre, who tipped off Moises Torrijos, drug-pushing brother of Panamanian Dictator Omar Torrijos, that he was to be arrested by U.S. authorities on arrival in the Canal Zone. As a result, brother Moises jumped ship in Venezuela and flew the rest of the way home, free and clear. The Senate confirmed Sayre after the incident.

The eighth annual Convention of American Atheists has voted the annual "Religious Hypocrite of the Year" award to Pres. James Earl Carter.

The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco and Firearms is trying to sneak federal gun control in by the back door with a regulation to require gun dealers to report all sales to BATF. Warning! The BATF can be hazardous to your health!

WE TOLD YOU SO!

In late August of 1968, the Democratic national nominating convention in Chicago was the scene of leftist-inspired disorders which were sold to the general public by the news media as "a police riot". Abbie Hoffman, Jerry Rubin, Tom Hayden and their uncouthable staged confrontations with the Chicago police. The scenario had been plotted months before with the diabolical professional assistance and the financial support of members of the Communist Party and a number of their fellow travelers.

The Yippies, the SDS, and their scrofulous allies informed the TV networks of the times and places of their provocative demonstrations. The biased and sensation-seeking media representatives were more than willing to resonate the shrill leftist propaganda about police brutality. They filmed fake injuries. LIFE magazine was so carried away by journalistic zeal that it substituted a photograph taken many months before and many miles away.

Long-faced commentators intoned gravely that the nation was imperilled by a neo-fascist police state. The men in blue, it was implied, were native storm troopers getting their kicks by manhandling innocent idealistic college kids.

There was considerably less ardor on the part of the news corps in reporting some of the revolting activities of the "innocent kids". The stink bombs at the Palmer House, the potatoes with nails and razor blades, the bags of excrement hurled at the police escaped the instant replays of the television crews. Months later, justice was mocked when even the ringleaders of this carefully orchestrated conspiracy had most of the charges against them dropped and drew acquittals or suspended sentences on nearly everything but contempt of court.

CHARLEY WRIGHT'S TOWN & COUNTRY FURNITURE

U. S. 60 W

ASHLAND, KENTUCKY
Telephone 1-606-928-6461

Quality Auto Parts, Inc.

RT. 1, BOX 238
Sheridan — South Point, Ohio 45680

Auto, Truck and Motorcycle Parts
Largest Inventory In The Area

Across The Ohio River From Ashland, Kentucky

THE LIE OF THE LAND

The pathetic hypocrisy of James Earl Carter has been glaringly illuminated by selected events of the past several months. Remember those high-sounding promises made during the '76 campaign by the dark horse peanut farmer from Georgia? To hear him tell it, electing him would guarantee that only men and women of the highest moral character and proven ability would be offered jobs in the new administration or be retained in positions of trust and responsibility. Just how have things worked out? Consider the following items and reach your own conclusion.

White House aide Midge Costanza, who seconded Jimmy Carter's nomination at the Democratic convention, has been the recipient of an award for "enlightening society to the humanity of gay men and women." The award was conferred by the pro-gay magazine "Advocate". Presumably she earned it by entertaining sodomites at the White House and by publicly supporting the grant of \$35,000 of taxpayers' money to the "Gay Alliance of Genesee County" (New York).

In addition, Ms. Costanza has used her office for personal fund raising. She personally flouted the campaign finance laws in a '74 election race. When the Federal Election Commission disclosed the illegalities of her campaign, she shrugged them off and virtually defied the Commission to do its worst. Her recent resignation was far too long in coming.

Jimmy Carter has requested \$70,000 for the widow of World War II deserter Eddie Slovik. That figure, from the man who declared amnesty for draft dodgers and deserters during the war in Vietnam.

Now it turns out that presidential speechwriter James Fallows faked disabilities in order to flunk his physical exams for the draft. He boasts of this infamous exploit and sneers at the "white trash" who were so stupidly patriotic as to serve in Vietnam.

Another presidential speechwriter is Hendrik Hertzberg, who said of the Communist enslavement of Vietnam: "I welcome this victory. ... As a pacifist, I take comfort in the fact that the Communist victory was not a military but a moral victory."

In case you can't believe what you just read, here is another choice quote from Hertzberg: "The Communists were the good guys in the Vietnam War. ... Most people will be far better off than they were under Saigon. ... Malevolent repression will give way to a more benevolent totalitarianism."

According to Hertzberg, "Socialism and freedom are inseparable." Josef Stalin and Adolf Hitler also espoused socialism.

Assistant Secretary of Education Mary Berry has publicly urged that this nation's schools be modeled on those of Communist China.

She declares that the Chinese Reds "have set the pattern for the world to follow".

Attorney General Griffin Bell has admitted reaching a secret agreement with Senate Democrats not — repeat NOT — to select federal prosecutors on the basis of merit! He subsequently perjured himself by testifying at his Senate confirmation hearings that he would make merit his grounds for selection. His firing of U.S. Attorney David Marston of Philadelphia shows which policy he really had in mind. Marston was about to blow the whistle on hanky-panky by two influential Democratic Congressmen from Pennsylvania.

Presidential Press Secretary Jody Powell was expelled from the Air Force Academy for cheating. He has since told the Boston University student body to "suit themselves" as to whether or not to cheat on exams.

Nearly the whole Carter transition team had their hands in the till up to the elbows until the General Accounting Office turned on the lights and demanded restitution.

Dr. Peter Bourne was described by Jimmy Carter as "the world's foremost expert" on drug abuse. He seems to have taken seriously the hippie slogan "Don't knock it if you haven't tried it." As a promoter of the legalization of marijuana, cocaine and heroin, he admits to having been a pot smoker, and reporters say that others testify to his use of cocaine.

Bourne recently resigned when it was revealed that he had falsified a prescription for a "controlled substance" (drug). His act was both illegal and unethical, but it served to call public attention to the widespread use of drugs among the members of the Bourne-again White House staff.

Andrew Young, U.S. Ambassador to the United Nations, has been sticking his foot in our mouth so often that even Jimmy Carter has had to demur occasionally. Andy Young is the one who said that the destruction of western civilization would not be too high a price to pay for the Communist "liberation" of the rest of the world. He justified the Cuban Communist takeover of Angola by crediting the Reds with establishing "a certain stability and order" — like in Nazi Germany and the Soviet Union, maybe?

Meantime, back at the White House, Jimmy Carter drummed Maj. Gen. John Singlaub out of active service for speaking the distasteful truth: Carter's withdrawal of U.S. troops from Korea would invite Communist aggression, and deferring the development of the neutron bomb is dangerous and stupid.

Just who are the crazies and who are the keepers in Jimmy Carter's administration?

WE TOLD YOU SO!

Cont. from page 3

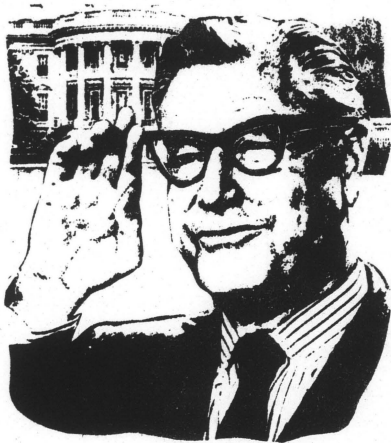
But the Chicago police, who had become a band of heroes to middle-class Americans, obviously warranted the scrutiny of a Presidential Commission. LBJ recognized his cue and appointed the National Commission on the Causes and Prevention of Violence, chaired by Dan Walker, later to become Democratic Governor of Illinois. In jig time, the Walker Commission published a report which said: "To read dispassionately the hundreds of statements describing at first hand the events of Sunday and Monday nights is to become convinced of the presence of what can only be called a police riot".

A "police riot" indeed! Now, just short of the tenth anniversary of this synthetic affair, Dan Walker, Chairman of the Walker

Commission, admits that the choice of the term "police riot" was "unfortunate". In addition, one Charles Remsburg, commission staff member who wrote the report, now concedes that "there was a lot more flavor of deliberate provocation and really degrading sorts of things that were done to these cops on the line than I ever found filtered through TV or the newspapers."

Now, ten years after the fact and without trumpet fanfares, Dan Walker confesses that "There's no question about the fact that some people planned some very, very bad things — some of those demonstration leaders." Informed conservatives knew it ten years ago. So sing it again, Sam: "We told you so!"

W. S. Krogdahl



THE ROCKEFELLER FILE

by GARY ALLEN
\$1.95 176 pages

"One of the most important
works of this century."

LAWRENCE P. McDONALD
Member of Congress

THE ROCKEFELLER FILE reveals:

* How John D. Rockefeller Sr., the original Daddy Oilbucks, created a national monopoly — and dreamed of becoming even more powerful.

* How the Rockefellers and their allies supported the income tax and Federal Reserve System — because they had already taken steps to protect their own wealth.

* The foundation gimmick — how it preserved the Rockefeller fortune and helped them buy control of education, the media, major religious groups, and more.

* Why there is not "a dime's worth of difference" between the two major political parties — both are directed by the same hidden forces.

* The secret alliance between the Communists and their supposed opponents, such "super-capitalists" as the Rockefellers.

* A "New World Order" — the Rockefeller plot to create a world super-government they will control.

"I wish that every American of voting age would read THE ROCKEFELLER FILE before the next year's primaries and general elections.

"I believe THE ROCKEFELLER FILE can create a tidal wave of indignation which could wash the Rockefeller influence out of Washington."

LAWRENCE P. McDONALD
Member of Congress

SPECIAL DISCOUNT PRICES

1 copy -	\$1.95	25 copies -	\$20.00
5 copies -	\$7.50	50 copies -	\$37.50
10 copies -	\$12.50	100 copies -	\$65.00

Make checks payable and mail to:

AMERICAN OPINION BOOK STORE

P.O. Box 7075
Lexington, Ky. 40502

Please rush me _____ paperbound copies of THE ROCKEFELLER FILE by Gary Allen.
My payment of \$_____ is enclosed.

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

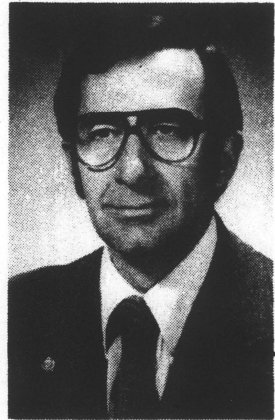
CANDIDATES WILL SPEAK



ANTHONY A. MCCORD

We regret that a printer's error interchanged the photographs of Anthony McCord and Lloyd K. Rogers in most copies of our last issue. Since both men are such handsome gentlemen, we are sure that neither can fail to be flattered by the interchange but at the same time we wish to set the record straight. We therefore reproduce here with correct identifications the pictures of our two candidates: Anthony A. McCord for U.S. Senate and Lloyd K. Rogers for the U.S. House of Representatives from the Sixth District of Kentucky.

Tony McCord will be campaigning through the Commonwealth and Lloyd Rogers will be campaigning intensively throughout the Sixth District from now until November 7. If you can secure an invitation for one or both of these fine candidates to speak to a group or organization in your area, please forward your request at once to the American Party of Kentucky, Box 7082, Lexington, Kentucky 40502.



LLOYD K. ROGERS

**HELEN BREEDEN
REALTY**

**NOTARY
INSURANCE**

**213 GRANVIL DRIVE
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY
40218
502-491-7925**

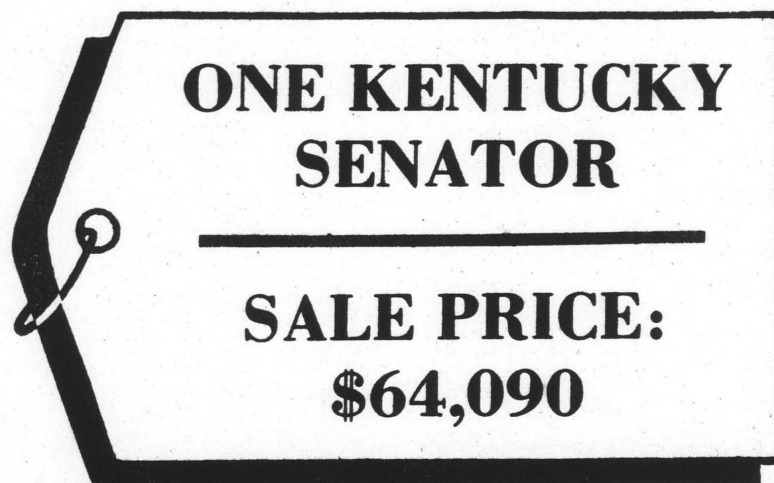
**AMERICAN PARTY
FILMSTRIP NOW
IS AVAILABLE**

The American Party has a new twenty-eight minute filmstrip titled "What Two-Party System?", produced this past year by the American Party of Kentucky. Its first public showing was at the meeting of the National Committee in Topeka, Kansas, on July 1. Reaction from a highly partisan audience was favorable to enthusiastic. Over twenty-five orders for copies were placed on the basis of this single showing. The filmstrip and accompanying cassette are available to American Party organizations for \$12 from the American Party of Kentucky, Box 7082, Lexington, Kentucky 40502.

The tape-recorded message and the 152 stills which illustrate it recount the many failures and betrayals of the leadership of the Democratic and Republican parties. In slightly less than half an hour, a compelling case is made for renouncing the false political leadership of the past half century and for setting a new course toward enlightened, representative self-government free of the political corruption and folly that have come to be taken for granted.

If you would like to see the film in your area or have it shown to an interested local group, send your request to the American Party of Kentucky at the address given above or call the American Party of Kentucky at (606) 272-2659. There is no charge for such a showing.

WHO OWNS SENATOR HUDDLESTON?



Democrat Walter Huddleston, Panama's senator from Kentucky, is singing the same tune as Republican Howard Baker, Panama's senator from Tennessee: both are whining that too much emphasis is being put on their perfidious support of the Panama Canal giveaway. They prefer to be remembered for some of the other things they've done. We in the American Party intend to keep bright the remembrance of their betrayal in the matter of the Panama Canal, but we will oblige Sen. Huddleston to the extent of recalling other points in his record.

To start at the beginning, Walter Huddleston was bought and paid for by the big labor bosses in his first senatorial campaign in 1972. Reported cash contributions from big labor come to \$64,090. No one will ever know how much more than that was supplied by the labor barons as in-kind contributions, "volunteer" campaign workers, free printing, registration drives, telephone campaigns, etc. The United Steel Workers alone has over 600 field organizers who become campaign workers at election time. These same Steelworkers anted up \$5000 of the above total.

Another \$14,400 was from Big Labor's Committee on Political Education (COPE). Most of COPE's money comes from union dues, of which the bulk is paid under the duress of compulsory-unionism

agreements. A document filed in federal court by legal representatives of COPE's parent organization, the AFL-CIO, admits that "A portion of COPE Educational Fund monies, derived ultimately from membership dues, are frequently used for the preparation, printing and dissemination of political brochures and other materials which support particular candidates for federal office."

Title 18, Section 610 of the U.S. Code states that "It shall be unlawful for such a fund to make a contribution or expenditure by utilizing money or anything of value secured ... by dues, fees, or other monies required as a condition of membership in a labor organization or as a condition of employment."

The bosses of Big Labor showed their contempt for the law by contributing over \$64,000 to Walter Huddleston's campaign. Walter Huddleston indicated his disregard for the law by accepting tainted money.

Walter Huddleston is deeply beholden to the union bosses. Whose interests does he serve when labor legislation comes before the Senate? You have one guess!

American Party Senatorial candidate Anthony McCord cannot be bought --- by anyone!

VOTE AND SUPPORT THE AMERICAN PARTY

YOU CAN'T DO WRONG DOIN' RIGHT!

The AMERICAN PARTY OF KENTUCKY

P. O. Box 7082
Lexington, Kentucky 40502

**Bulk Rate
U.S. Postage
PAID
Lexington, Ky.
Permit No. 296**